# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

# CLAY COUNTY DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD GREEN COVE SPRINGS, FLORIDA

**JUNE 30, 2014** 

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Clay County District School Board and Superintendent Green Cove Springs, Florida

# **Reports on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Clay County District School Board (the District) as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principle generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The financial statements of the school internal funds were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# **Certified Public Accountants**

Clay County District School Board and Superintendent Green Cove Springs, Florida

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

(Continued)

# **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Other Matters**

# Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of funding progress for other postemployment benefits and major fund budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Clay County District School Board and Superintendent Green Cove Springs, Florida

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

(Concluded)

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Tunis, Gray and Company, LLP

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 31, 2015, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

March 31, 2015

Gainesville, Florida

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2014

The Management of the Clay County District School Board (the District) has prepared the following discussion and analysis of financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to (a) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues; (b) provide an overview and analysis of the District's financial activities; (c) identify changes in the District's financial position; (d) identify material deviations from the approved budget; and (e) highlight significant issues in individual funds.

Because the information contained in the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is intended to highlight significant transactions, events, and conditions, it should be considered in conjunction with the District's financial statements and notes to financial statements.

## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the 2013-14 fiscal year are as follows:

- As of June 30, 2014, the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows by \$394,827,267.41 (net position).
- ➤ In total, net position decreased \$11,313,985.41, which represents a 2.75 percent decrease from the 2012-13 fiscal year.
- ➤ General revenues totaled \$275,948,131.77 or 94.09 percent of all revenues in the 2013-14 fiscal year. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions totaled \$17,330,965.30, or 5.91 percent of all revenues.
- Expenses totaled \$304,593,082.48. Only \$17,330,965.30 of these expenses were offset by the program specific revenues, with the remainder paid from general revenues and net position. Total expenses exceeded total revenues by \$11,313,985.41.
- ➤ The assigned and unassigned fund balance of the General Fund, representing the net current financial resources available for general appropriation by the District School Board (the Board), totaled \$5,389,495.40 at June 30, 2014, or 2.24 percent of total General Fund revenues.
- ➤ During the current year, General Fund revenues and other financial sources exceeded expenditures by \$179,105.46. This may be compared to last year's results in which General Fund revenues and other financing sources exceeded expenditures by \$6,028,152.57.
- ➤ The District's investment in capital assets decreased by a net amount of \$9,797,731.19 or 2.12 percent, as compared to the June 30, 2013, balance.
- ➤ The District's long-term debt decreased by a net amount of \$3,899,814.14 or 6.17 percent, as compared to the June 30, 2013, balance.

### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The basic financial statements consist of three components:

- > Government-wide financial statements.
- > Fund financial statements.
- > Notes to financial statements.

This report also includes supplementary information intended to furnish additional details to support the basic financial statements.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2014 (Continued)

### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial condition in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The statements include a statement of net position and a statement of activities that are designed to provide consolidated financial information about the activities of the District presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The statement of net position provides information about the District's financial position, its assets and liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows of resources, using an economic resources measurement focus. Assets plus deferred outflows of resources, less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources equals the net position, which is a measure of the financial health of the District. The statement of activities presents information about the change in the District's net position, the results of operations, during the fiscal year. An increase or decrease in net position is an indication of whether the District's financial health is improving or deteriorating.

All of the District's activities and services are reported in the government-wide financial statements as governmental activities. These represent most of the District's services, including its educational programs: basic, vocational, adult and exceptional education. Support functions such as transportation and administration are also included. Property taxes and state revenues finance most of these activities. The Clay School Board Leasing Corporation (Leasing Corporation), although a legally separate entity, was formed to facilitate financing for the acquisition of facilities and equipment for the District. Due to the substantive economic relationship between the District and the Leasing Corporation, the Leasing Corporation has been included as an integral part of the primary government and is reported in the government-wide financial statements as governmental activities.

# **Fund Financial Statements**

Fund financial statements are one of the basic financial statement components. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements and prudent fiscal management. Certain funds are established by law while others are created by legal agreements, such as bond covenants. Fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's financial activities, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds rather than fund types. This is in contrast to the entity-wide perspective contained in the government-wide statements. All of the District's funds may be classified within one of three broad categories as discussed below.

Governmental Funds—Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, the governmental funds financial statements focus on *near-term* inflows and outflows of spendable financial resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in assessing a government's *near-term* financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's *near-term* financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2014 (Continued)

# **Governmental Funds (Concluded)**

The governmental funds balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide detailed information about the District's most significant funds. The District's major funds are the General Fund, Food Services Fund, Federal Economic Stimulus Funds, Debt Service – Other Debt Service Funds, and Capital Projects – Other Capital Projects Funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

The District adopts and maintains annual budgets for its governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and major Special Revenue Funds to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

**Proprietary Funds**—Proprietary funds use the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. The District maintains one proprietary fund, an internal service fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the District's various functions. The District uses its Internal Service Fund to account for its self-insurance program. Since this service predominantly benefits governmental-type functions, the Internal Service Fund has been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

**Fiduciary Funds**—Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or fiduciary capacity for the benefit of external parties, such as school and activity funds, commonly called the school internal funds. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide statements because the resources are not available to support the District's own programs. In its fiduciary capacity, the District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes.

The District uses its Agency Funds to account for resources held for school activities and groups.

### **Notes to Financial Statements**

The notes provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

# Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the District's progress in funding its obligation to provide other postemployment benefits to its employees.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS **JUNE 30, 2014**

(Continued)

# **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The following is a summary of the District's net position as of June 30, 2014, compared to net position as of June 30, 2013:

#### Net Position, End of Year

	Governmental Activities				
	6-30-14		6-30-13		
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets	\$ 40,969,031.30 453,453,292.19	\$	42,691,933.67 463,251,023.38		
Total Assets	494,422,323.49		505,942,957.05		
Long-term Liabilities Other Liabilities	85,501,734.20 14,093,321.88		87,243,812.47 12,557,891.76		
Total Liabilities	 99,595,056.08		99,801,704.23		
Net Position: Invested in Capital Assets - Net of Debt	394,153,106.33		400,051,023.38		
Restricted Unrestricted	 14,391,249.32 (13,717,088.24)		16,051,292.83 (9,961,063.39)		
Total Net Position	\$ 394,827,267.41	\$	406,141,252.82		

The largest portion of the District's net position (99.83 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, furniture and equipment), less related debt outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

The restricted portion of the District's net position (3.64 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. Under the long-term view provided by the government-wide statements, at June 30, 2014, the District's unrestricted net position is negative. However, the District has sufficient current assets to meet its current obligations.

The District's Current and Other Assets and Total Assets decreased by \$1,722,902.37 and \$11,520,633.56, respectively during the 2013-14 fiscal year. The decrease represents the degree to which expenses have increased. Details of the revenues and expenses comprising the decrease are as follows:

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

**JUNE 30, 2014** 

(Continued)

# Operating Results for the Fiscal Year Ended

# Governmental Activities

	Activities		
	6-30-14	6-30-13	
Program Revenues:			
Charges for Services	\$ 6,980,469.52	\$ 7,182,997.34	
Operating Grants and Contributions	8,660,150.48	8,252,054.60	
Capital Grants and Contributions	1,690,345.30	1,452,971.42	
General Revenues:			
Property Tax Levied for Operational Purposes	52,298,781.57	55,566,687.34	
Property Tax Levied for Capital Projects	12,953,678.13	12,700,176.96	
Local Sales Taxes	1,701,699.42	1,633,054.50	
Grants and Contributions Not Restricted			
to Specific Programs	205,967,573.65	193,669,286.85	
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	(45,819.26)	643,112.58	
Miscellaneous	3,072,218.26	2,515,548.63	
Total Revenues	293,279,097.07	283,615,890.22	
Functions/Program Expenses:			
Instruction	176,558,487.98	173,313,782.13	
Student Personnel Services	14,560,771.49	13,651,551.07	
Instructional Media Services	4,241,232.93	3,723,302.75	
Instruction and Curriculum Development Services	5,190,168.67	5,056,163.49	
Instructional Staff Training	3,917,952.56	2,443,561.08	
Instruction Related Technology	2,720,975.11	2,153,092.58	
School Board	1,082,776.90	855,192.40	
General Administration	1,156,515.12	939,625.77	
School Administration	14,946,629.36	14,696,089.22	
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	5,955,547.65	4,895,135.98	
Fiscal Services	677,700.48	410,589.78	
Food Services	14,508,445.48	14,260,271.37	
Central Services	3,239,332.35	3,189,150.72	
Student Transportation Services	12,961,378.00	14,392,527.19	
Operation of Plant	18,146,470.96	18,057,932.89	
Maintenance of Plant	5,321,603.30	5,540,570.39	
Administrative Technology Services	1,789,321.59	1,991,947.09	
Community Services	309,130.06	342,490.04	
Interest on Long-Term Debt	2,718,296.05	2,876,290.23	
Unallocated Depreciation Expenses	14,590,346.44	15,531,749.30	
Total Functions/Program Expenses	304,593,082.48	298,321,015.47	
Change in Net Position	\$ (11,313,985.41)	\$ (14,705,125.25)	

The State's Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) and local property taxes provide the majority of the District's revenues for current operations. These revenues are included in general revenues, which provide about 94.09 percent of total revenues, whereas program revenues provide only about 5.91 percent. The majority of program revenues are in the food services activities.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2014 (Continued)

The FEFP funding formula is used to allocate State revenue sources for current District operations and, utilizing student enrollment data, is designed to maintain equity in funding across all Florida school districts considering funding ability based on taxable local property values. The District experienced increases in student enrollment and FEFP funding during the 2013-14 fiscal year. Student enrollment increased by 73.02 Full-time Equivalents (FTE), from 35,171.64, in the 2012-13 fiscal year to 35,244.66, in the 2013-14 fiscal year. However, the District's property tax revenues for operational purposes decreased by \$3,267,905.77 (5.88 percent) from the 2012-13 fiscal year, primarily as a result of decreases in the millages levied.

Instruction expenses represent the majority of the District's expenses, totaling approximately 58.10 percent of total governmental activities expenses in the 2013-14 fiscal year. Overall, total expenses increased \$6,272,067.01, as compared to the 2012-13 fiscal year due to increases in salary and benefits expenses. Instruction expenses, student personnel services, and instructional staff training expenses represent the majority of the increase, as the expenses increased by \$3,244,705.85, \$909,220.42, and \$1,474,391.48, respectively.

# FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

#### **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on *near-term* inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. Specifically, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use as it represents the portion of fund balance that has not been limited to a particular purpose by an external party, the Board, or an individual delegated authority by the Board to assign resources for particular purposes.

The total fund balances of governmental funds decreased by \$1,373,813.02 during the fiscal year to \$20,989,463.42 at June 30, 2014. Approximately 13.9 percent of this amount is unassigned fund balance (\$2,927,487.52), which is available for spending at the District's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is nonspendable, restricted, committed, or assigned.

# **Major Governmental Funds**

**The General Fund**—is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, the assigned and unassigned fund balance was \$5,389,495.40 while the total fund balance was \$7,337,568.03. The assigned and unassigned fund balance represents 2.24 percent of total General Fund revenues, while the total fund balance represents 3.05 percent of such revenues. The assigned and unassigned fund balance increased by \$460,132.48 during the fiscal year. The total fund balance increased by \$43,515.46. Key factors are as follows:

- > Total General Fund revenues and other financing sources exceeded expenditures by \$179,105.46.
- Total expenditures increased by \$4,807,244.84. The increase in General Fund expenditures was mainly due to hiring additional staff and raises in salary and benefit costs.
- > Total revenues and other financing sources increased by \$11,014,502.87, mainly from an increase in FEFP funding and an increase of transfers in from capital projects funds.
- Decreases in millages resulted in decreased tax revenues of \$3,250,591.10.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2014 (Continued)

**The Special Revenue - Food Service Fund**—is used to account for the proceeds of Food and Nutrition Services. Food and Nutrition Services is concerned with providing food to pupils and staff in the school system. Food and Nutrition Services includes the preparation and serving of regular and incidental meals, lunches or snacks in connection with school activities and the delivery of food. The Food Service Fund has revenues and expenditures of \$14,661,481.16 and \$14,832,317.95, respectively, and ended the fiscal year with a fund balance of \$4,148,867.13. The fund balance was restricted for food service operations.

The Special Revenue - Federal Economic Stimulus Programs Fund—is used to account for the proceeds of the *American Recovery and Reinvestment Act* funds that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes. The fund has total revenues and expenditures of \$157,636.77, and the funding was mainly used for a new student information computer software system. Because revenues of grants accounted for in the Federal Economic Stimulus Programs Funds are not recognized until expenditures are incurred, these grant funds generally do not accumulate fund balances.

The Debt Service - Other Debt Service Fund—is used to account for financial resources used to pay debt principal, interest, and related costs for the Certificates of Participation. The Fund maintained a small fund balance (\$71,247.26 at June 30, 2014) all of which was restricted for the payment of debt service.

The Capital Projects - Other Capital Projects Fund—is mainly used to account for the financial resources received from local impact fees and local sales taxes. The fund had a total fund balance of \$7,506,811.87 at June 30, 2014. Resources of the fund were used mainly for transfers out for debt service payments and to finance infrastructure expenditures.

# GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the course of the 2013-14 fiscal year, the District amended its General Fund budget several times. The amendments resulted in an increase in total budgeted revenues of \$319,772.24, due mainly to changes in estimated State funding resulting from increasing student enrollment. These budget revisions were necessary to adjust planned revenues and expenditures based on actual resources and resource needs. The Board approves the final amendment to the budget after year-end.

Actual revenues received were less than final budgeted amounts by \$1,662,506.43, mainly due to property tax revenues. Since actual expenditures were well within budgetary estimates, unexpended appropriations were available to increase fund balance. Accordingly, the actual ending fund balance was \$7,337,568.03 as compared to the original budgeted fund balance of \$7,403,991.88.

# CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM DEBT

### **Capital Assets**

The District's investment in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2014, was \$453,455,292.19. The capital assets include land; improvements other than buildings; buildings and fixed equipment; furniture, fixtures, and equipment; motor vehicles; construction in progress; property under capital lease; intangible assets; and audio visual materials and computer software.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2014

(Concluded)

The investment in capital assets decreased by a net amount of \$9,797,731.19, or 2.12 percent, as compared to the June 30, 2013, balance. Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included purchases of school buses and construction related to the expansion of the Middleburg Elementary School and Ridgeview High School Cafeterias, renovations of Keystone Heights High School and construction of enhanced classrooms.

Additional information on the District's capital assets is shown in the Notes to the financial statements.

# **Long-term Debt**

At June 30, 2014, the District had total long-term debt outstanding of \$59,300,185.86. This amount was comprised of \$54,035,000 of Certificates of Participation, \$15,185.86 of obligations related to capital leases and \$5,250,000.00 of Bonds. During the year, the District's long-term debt decreased by a net amount of \$3,899,814.14, or 6.17 percent, as compared to the June 30, 2013, balance. Major long-term debt events during the current fiscal year included:

- A decrease of \$3,917,367.79 from scheduled principal payments to retire long-term debt.
- An increase of \$17,553.65 from the capital lease obligation.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt is shown in the Notes to the financial statements.

### **REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Clay County District School Board's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Assistant Superintendent for Business Affairs, Clay County District School Board, 900 Walnut Street, Green Cove Springs, Florida 32043.



# CLAY COUNTY DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

	Primary Government
	Governmental
Assets	Activities
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 29,972,825.15
Investments	326,201.28
Cash with Fiscal Agent	90,000.00
Accounts Receivable	295,845.46
Due from Other Agencies	4,092,063.38
Inventories	1,183,692.88
Capital Credits Receivable	3,799,337.43
Prepaid Items	1,209,065.72
Capital Assets:	
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	31,505,292.03
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	421,948,000.16
Total Assets	494,422,323.49
Liabilities and Net Position	
Liabilities	
Salaries and Benefits Payable	5,626,685.19
Payroll Deductions and Withholdings	1,157,703.62
Accounts Payable	2,321,898.37
Construction Contracts Payable	546,275.43
Construction Contracts Payable - Retainage	196,820.49
Unearned Revenue	20,216.28
Matured Certificates of Participation Payable	3,020,000.00
Matured Interest Payable	1,203,722.50
Long-term Liabilities:	
Portion Due Within One Year	13,732,731.04
Portion Due After One Year	71,769,003.16
Total Liabilities	99,595,056.08
Net Position	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	394,153,106.33
Restricted for:	
State Required Carryover Programs	739,352.24
Debt Service	417,147.20
Capital Projects	9,085,882.75
Food Service	4,148,867.13
Unrestricted	(13,717,088.24)
<b>Total Net Position</b>	\$ 394,827,267.41

# CLAY COUNTY DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		Program Revenues		
Functions/Programs Primary Government	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	
Governmental Activities				
Instruction	\$ 176,558,487.98	\$ 537,846.97		
Student Personnel Services	14,560,771.49	\$ 337,040.97		
Instructional Media Services	4,241,232.93			
Instructional Media Services  Instruction and Curriculum Development Services	5,190,168.67			
Instruction and Currection Bevelopment Services  Instructional Staff Training Services	3,917,952.56			
Instructionar Starr Training Services Instruction-related Technology	2,720,975.11			
School Board	1,082,776.90			
General Administration	1,156,515.12			
School Administration	14,946,629.36			
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	5,955,547.65			
Fiscal Services	677,700.48			
Food Services	14,508,445.48	5,991,429.91	\$ 8,660,150.48	
Central Services	3,239,332.35	3,771,127.71	Ψ 0,000,150.10	
Student Transportation Services	12,961,378.00			
Operation of Plant	18,146,470.96			
Maintenance of Plant	5,321,603.30			
Administrative Technology Services	1,789,321.59			
Community Services	309,130.06	451,192.64		
Unallocated Interest on Long-term Debt	2,718,296.05	,		
Unallocated Depreciation Expense*	14,590,346.44			
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 304,593,082.48	\$ 6,980,469.52	\$ 8,660,150.48	
	General Revenues			
	Taxes:			
		evied for Operational	=	
	• •	evied for Capital Proj	ects	
	Local Sales Tax			
		tions Not Restricted t	o Specific Programs	
	Unrestricted Investment Earnings			
	Miscellaneous			
	Total General Reve			
	Change in Net Position			
	Net Position - Beginn	-		
	Net Position - End of	y ear		

<sup>\*</sup> This amount excludes the depreciation that is included in the direct expenses of the various functions.

	Program Revenues	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position		
	Capital	<b>Primary Government</b>		
	Grants and		Governmental	
	Contributions		Activities	
		\$	(176,020,641.01)	
			(14,560,771.49)	
			(4,241,232.93)	
			(5,190,168.67)	
			(3,917,952.56)	
			(2,720,975.11)	
			(1,082,776.90)	
			(1,156,515.12)	
			(14,946,629.36)	
\$	522,898.53		(5,432,649.12)	
			(677,700.48)	
			143,134.91	
			(3,239,332.35)	
			(12,961,378.00)	
			(18,146,470.96)	
			(5,321,603.30)	
			(1,789,321.59)	
	1 167 446 77		142,062.58	
	1,167,446.77		(1,550,849.28)	
\$	1,690,345.30		(14,590,346.44) (287,262,117.18)	
Ψ	1,070,0 10100			
			52,298,781.57	
			12,953,678.13	
			1,701,699.42 205,967,573.65	
			, ,	
			(45,819.26) 3,072,218.26	
			275,948,131.77	
			(11,313,985.41)	
			406,141,252.82	
		\$	394,827,267.41	
		Ψ	377,021,201.71	

# CLAY COUNTY DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

		General Fund	]	Special Revenue Food Service Fund	Fede	Special Revenue eral Economic mulus Fund
Assets	¢	0.206.622.72	Φ	5 071 660 75		
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments	\$	8,306,633.73 116,082.52	\$	5,071,660.75 9,007.25		
Cash with Fiscal Agent		50,000.00		9,007.23		
Accounts Receivable		102,821.33				
Due from Other Funds		3,300,586.53				
Due from Other Agencies		2,126,904.35		101,441.01	\$	30,571.62
Inventories		1,092,641.48		91,051.40	·	
Total Assets		15,095,669.94		5,273,160.41		30,571.62
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities						
Salaries and Benefits Payable		5,611,247.58		4,467.52		2,167.10
Payroll Deductions and Withholdings		1,133,759.70		9,846.45		2,172.10
Accounts Payable		1,013,094.63		94,002.59		,
Construction Contracts Payable						
Construction Contracts Payable - Retainage						
Due to Other Funds				1,015,976.72		26,232.42
Unearned Revenue						
Matured Certificates of Participation Payable						
Matured Interest Payable		7.750 101 01		1 124 202 20		20.571.62
Total Liabilities		7,758,101.91		1,124,293.28		30,571.62
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable:						
Inventory		1,092,641.48		91,051.40		
Fund B Surplus Funds Trust Fund		116,078.91		9,007.25		
Restricted:						
State Required Carryover Programs		739,352.24				
Debt Service						
Capital Projects Food Services				4,048,808.48		
Assigned:				4,040,000.40		
Special Projects		2,452,152.63				
Unassigned		2,937,342.77				
Total Fund Balances		7,337,568.03		4,148,867.13		0.00
<b>Total Liabilities and Fund Balances</b>	\$	15,095,669.94	\$	5,273,160.41	\$	30,571.62

Debt Service Other Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Other Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 4,294,908.05	\$ 7,799,186.58	\$ 3,318,077.96	\$ 28,790,467.07
61.71	40,619.96	143,214.17	308,985.61
	.,	-,	50,000.00
		72.86	102,894.19
			3,300,586.53
	541,420.72	1,291,725.68	4,092,063.38
			1,183,692.88
4,294,969.76	8,381,227.26	4,753,090.67	37,828,689.66
		8,802.99	5,626,685.19
		11,925.37	1,157,703.62
	31.14	5,704.29	1,112,832.65
	276,051.16	270,224.27	546,275.43
	,	196,820.49	196,820.49
	598,333.09	2,314,426.16	3,954,968.39
		20,217.97	20,217.97
3,020,000.00			3,020,000.00
1,203,722.50			1,203,722.50
4,223,722.50	874,415.39	2,828,121.54	16,839,226.24
			1,183,692.88
61.71	40,626.84	74,557.00	240,331.71
01.71	.0,020.0	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	2.0,001.71
			739,352.24
71,185.55		344,074.93	415,260.48
	7,466,185.03	1,516,192.45	8,982,377.48
			4,048,808.48
			2,452,152.63
		(9,855.25)	2,927,487.52
71,247.26	7,506,811.87	1,924,969.13	20,989,463.42
\$ 4,294,969.76	\$ 8,381,227.26	\$ 4,753,090.67	\$ 37,828,689.66

# CLAY COUNTY DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

**Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds** 

\$ 20,989,463.42

# Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because:

Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds.

453,453,291.94

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.

809,512.81

Capital credits are not available to liquidate liabilities in governmental funds, but are accrued in governmental activities in the statement of net position.

3,799,337.43

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds.

Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:

Bonds Payable	\$ (5,250,000.00)	
Certificates of Participation Payable	(54,035,000.00)	
Capital Lease	(15,185.86)	
Compensated Absences Payable	(21,666,473.33)	
Other Postemployment Benefits Payable	(3,257,679.00)	(84,224,338.19)

**Total Net Position - Governmental Activities** 

\$ 394,827,267.41

# CLAY COUNTY DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

# FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	General Fund	Special Revenue Food Service Fund	Special Revenue Federal Economic Stimulus Fund	Debt Service Other Debt Service Fund
Revenues	1 4114	2 0220		501 1100 1 4114
Intergovernmental:				
Federal Direct	\$ 760,124.92			
Federal Through State and Local	1,625,014.01	\$ 8,524,759.48	\$ 157,636.77	
State	184,249,198.13	135,391.00	φ 157,050.77	
Local:	104,249,190.13	155,571.00		
Property Taxes	51,924,535.63			
Local Sales Taxes	31,724,333.03			
Impact Fees		5 001 420 01		
Charges for Services - Food Service	2 165 200 10	5,991,429.91		¢ 00.42
Miscellaneous	2,165,290.19	9,900.77	157 (2) 77	\$ 99.42 99.42
Total Revenues	240,724,162.88	14,661,481.16	157,636.77	99.42
Expenditures				
Current - Education:				
Instruction	163,222,714.85			
Student Personnel Services	13,232,833.60			
Instructional Media Services	4,056,703.96			
Instruction and Curriculum Development Services	3,798,130.73			
Instructional Staff Training Services	2,211,059.68		65,336.03	
Instruction-Related Technology	2,609,814.63		92,300.74	
School Board	1,078,961.43			
General Administration	817,503.74			
School Administration	14,792,654.26			
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	1,048,067.05			
Fiscal Services	672,065.18			
Food Services	49,317.96	14,386,019.33		
Central Services	3,087,280.48	14,300,017.33		
	10,667,669.40			
Student Transportation Services	18,073,974.55			
Operation of Plant				
Maintenance of Plant	5,270,797.00			
Administrative Technology Services	1,778,101.87			
Community Services	306,848.33			
Fixed Capital Outlay:	220 104 65			
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	238,104.65	444.000.40		
Other Capital Outlay	289,342.57	446,298.62		
Debt Service:				
Principal	2,367.81			3,020,000.00
Interest and Fiscal Charges	155.69			2,422,099.81
(Total Expenditures)	247,304,469.42	14,832,317.95	157,636.77	5,442,099.81
(Deficiency) Excess of Revenues				
(Under) Over Expenditures	(6,580,306.54)	(170,836.79)	0.00	(5,442,000.39)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	6,576,128.02			5,440,291.21
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	160,400.87			- , - ,
Insurance Loss Recoveries	5,329.46			
Capital Lease	17,553.65			
Transfers (out)	17,555.05			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	6,759,412.00	0.00	0.00	5,440,291.21
_				
Net Change in Fund Balances	179,105.46	(170,836.79)	0.00	(1,709.18)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	7,294,052.57	4,332,225.25		72,956.44
(Decrease) Increase in Inventory Reserve	(135,590.00)	(12,521.33)		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 7,337,568.03	\$ 4,148,867.13	\$ 0.00	\$ 71,247.26

See accompanying notes.

	Capital Projects Other Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
		\$ 895,753.73	\$ 1,655,878.65
_		13,767,451.34	24,074,861.60
\$	77,078.07	1,592,505.46	186,054,172.66
		13,327,924.07	65,252,459.70
	1,701,699.42		1,701,699.42
	5,635,793.44		5,635,793.44
			5,991,429.91
	18,951.73	27,044.71	2,221,286.82
	7,433,522.66	29,610,679.31	292,587,582.20
		9,861,404.88	173,084,119.73
		1,197,215.22	14,430,048.82
		151,195.25	4,207,899.21
		1,345,036.80	5,143,167.53
		1,611,776.48	3,888,172.19
			2,702,115.37
		222 502 27	1,078,961.43
		333,593.27	1,151,097.01
	1 700 000 51	11,061.57	14,803,715.83
	1,700,060.51	3,274,773.23	6,022,900.79 672,065.18
			14,435,337.29
			3,087,280.48
		64,719.02	10,732,388.42
		04,717.02	18,073,974.55
			5,270,797.00
			1,778,101.87
			306,848.33
	1,200,092.51	4,381,083.40	5,819,280.56
	-,,	85,102.58	820,743.77
		,	•
		895,000.00	3,917,367.81
	2.000.152.02	296,040.53	2,718,296.03
	2,900,153.02	23,508,002.23	294,144,679.20
	4,533,369.64	6,102,677.08	(1,557,097.00)
			12,016,419.23
			160,400.87
			5,329.46
			17,553.65
	(2,386,292.48)	(9,630,126.75)	(12,016,419.23)
	(2,386,292.48)	(9,630,126.75)	183,283.98
	2,147,077.16	(3,527,449.67)	(1,373,813.02)
	5,359,734.71	5,452,418.80	22,511,387.77
			(148,111.33)
\$	7,506,811.87	\$ 1,924,969.13	\$ 20,989,463.42
		<u> </u>	

See accompanying notes.

# CLAY COUNTY DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

\$ (1,373,813.02)

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:

Capital outlays are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures.

However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.

The following details the amount of capital outlays in excess of depreciation expense in the current period:

Fixed Capital Outlay Expenditures	\$ 6,640,024.33	
Depreciation Expense	(16,750,290.44)	(10,110,266.11)

Capital assets donated to the District increase net position in the government-wide financial statements, but are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.

312,534.67

Bond proceeds and similar long-term liabilities provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.

(17,553.65)

Repayment of long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. The following debt activity occurred in the current period:

Capital Lease	2,367.79	
Certificates of Participation Payable	3,020,000.00	
Bonds Payable	895,000.00	3,917,367.79

In the statement of activities, the cost of compensated absences is measured by the amounts earned during the year, while in the governmental funds expenditures are recognized based on the amounts actually paid for compensated absences. This is the net amount of compensated absences earned in excess of the amount used in the current period.

(1,029,133.86)

# CLAY COUNTY DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVEUNES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

(Concluded)

# Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Concluded)

Other postemployment benefits costs are recorded in the statement of activities under the full accrual method, but in the governmental funds when due. This is the net increase in the other postemployment benefits liability for the current fiscal year.		\$ (1,223,614.01)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of certain activities to individual funds. The net revenue of internal service		
funds is reported with governmental activities.		(1,923,987.76)
The District accrues capital credits to be received in future years in the statement of activities, but the revenue does not provide current financial resources and is not reported in the governmental funds. The following details the change in capital credits receivable during the current period:		
Current Year Accrual	\$ 3,799,337.43	
(Less Prior Year Accrual)	(3,516,745.56)	282,591.87
The purchase method of inventory accounting is used in the governmental		
funds, while in the government-wide statements inventories are accounted		
for on the consumption method.		(148,111.33)
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$ (11,313,985.41)

# CLAY COUNTY DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds	
Assets		
Current Assets:	ф 1 192 2 <i>c</i> 0 00	,
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,182,360.02	
Investments	17,215.67	
Cash with Fiscal Agent	40,000.00	
Due from Other Agencies	95,683.57	
Due from Other Funds	793,792.71	
Prepaid Insurance Total Assets	1,209,065.72 3,338,117.69	
Liabilities		=
Current Liabilities:	1 200 065 76	,
Accounts Payable	1,209,065.72	
Due to Other Funds	42,143.15	
Estimated Insurance Claims Payable	613,150.08	
Total Current Liabilities  Noncurrent Liabilities:	1,864,358.95	<u>,                                     </u>
Estimated Insurance Claims Payable	664,245.92	,
Total Liabilities	2,528,604.87	
Total Liabilities	2,328,004.87	_
Net Position Unrestricted	\$ 809,512.82	2

# CLAY COUNTY DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds	
Operating Revenues		_
Insurance Premiums	\$	212,677.99
Total Operating Revenues		212,677.99
Operating Expenses		
Insurance Claims		626,445.09
Excess Insurance Premiums		1,327,610.69
State Assessments		44,037.10
Purchased Services		145,098.00
Total Operating Expenses		2,143,190.88
Operating Income		(1,930,512.89)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		
Investment Income		6,525.13
Net (Loss)		(1,923,987.76)
Total Net Position - Beginning of Year		2,733,500.58
Total Net Position - End of Year	\$	809,512.82

# CLAY COUNTY DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Cash Received from Board Funds Cash Payments to Vendors for Goods and Services Cash Payments to Insurance Claims	\$ 212,677.99 (2,000,107.57) (712,474.49)
Net Cash (Used by) Operating Activities  Cash Flows from Investing Activities	(2,499,904.07)
Proceeds from Sale of Investments Interest Income	27,656.43 6,525.13
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities  Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(2,465,722.51)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	3,688,082.53
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 1,222,360.02
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	
Operating Income Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:	\$ (1,930,512.89)
Increase in Due from Other Funds Increase in Due from Other Agencies Decrease in Prepaids	(457,410.17) (58,865.88) 118,544.97
Decrease in Accounts Payable Increase in Due to Other Funds Decrease in Estimated Insurance Claims Payable	(118,544.97) 41,896.87 (95,012.00)
Total Adjustments	(569,391.18)
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	\$ (2,499,904.07)

# CLAY COUNTY DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

	Agency Funds
Assets	 1 41145
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,437,675.04
Investments	1,705,070.49
Total Assets	3,142,745.53
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	109,095.14
Due to Other Funds	97,267.70
Internal Accounts Payable	 2,936,382.69
Total Liabilities	\$ 3,142,745.53

# Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

# **Reporting Entity**

The Clay County District School Board (Board) has direct responsibility for operation, control, and supervision of District schools and is considered a primary government for financial reporting. The Clay County School District (the District) is considered part of the Florida system of public education. The governing body of the school district is the Clay County District School Board which is composed of five elected members. The elected Superintendent of Schools is the executive officer of the School Board. Geographic boundaries of the District correspond with those of Clay County.

Criteria for determining if other entities are potential component units which should be reported within the District's basic financial statements are identified and described in the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, Sections 2100 and 2600. The application of these criteria provides for identification of any entities for which the District School Board is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the School Board are such that exclusion would cause the District's basic financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Based on the application of these criteria, the following component units are included within the District School Board's reporting entity:

■ Blended Component Unit—The Clay School Board Leasing Corporation (Leasing Corporation) was formed to facilitate financing for the acquisition of facilities and equipment as further discussed in a subsequent note. Due to the substantive economic relationship between the District and the Leasing Corporation, the financial activities of the Leasing Corporation are included in the accompanying basic financial statements. Separate financial statements for the Leasing Corporation are not published.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

### **■** Government-wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. Government-wide financial statements, i.e., the statement of net position and statement of activities, present information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the nonfiduciary financial activity of the primary government and its component unit. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are thereby clearly identifiable to a particular function. Depreciation expenses associated with the District's transportation department are allocated to the transportation function, while remaining depreciation expenses are not readily associated with a particular function and are reported as unallocated.

(Continued)

# Note 1 - <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

## **Basis of Presentation** (Continued)

# **■** Government-wide Financial Statements (Concluded)

Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

The effects of interfund activity have been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

### **■** Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District in the governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is reported in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and reported in a single column. Because the focus of governmental fund financial statements differs from the focus of government-wide financial statements, a reconciliation is presented with each of the governmental fund financial statements.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

- **General Fund**—to account for all financial resources not required to be accounted for in another fund, and for certain revenues from the State that are legally restricted to be expended for specific current operating purposes.
- Food Service Fund—to account for the proceeds of Food and Nutrition Services.
  Food and Nutrition Services is concerned with providing food to students and staff in
  the school system. Food and Nutrition Services includes the preparation and serving
  of regular and incidental meals, lunches, or snacks in connection with school
  activities and the delivery of food.
- **Federal Economic Stimulus Programs Fund**—to account for the proceeds of *American Recovery and Reinvestment Act* funds that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes. Because revenues of grants accounted for in the Federal Economic Stimulus Fund are not recognized until expenditures are incurred, these grant funds generally do not accumulate fund balances.
- **Debt Service Other Debt Service Fund**—to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, debt principal, interest, and related costs for the long-term certificates of participation.
- Capital Projects Other Capital Projects Fund—to account for the financial resources received from local sales taxes, local impact fees, and other miscellaneous sources, to be used for educational capital outlay needs and debt service payments on certificates of participation.

(Continued)

# Note 1 - <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

# **Basis of Presentation** (Concluded)

Additionally, the District reports the following proprietary and fiduciary fund types:

- **■** Fund Financial Statements (Concluded)
  - **Internal Service Fund**—to account for the District's individual self-insurance programs.
  - Agency Funds—to account for resources of the school internal funds which are used
    to administer monies collected at the several schools in connection with school,
    student athletic, class, and club activities.

During the course of operations the District has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year-end are reported as due from/to other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental and internal service funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in and out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column.

# **Basis of Accounting**

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures, or expenses, are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized in the year for which they are levied. Revenues from grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, except for certain grant revenues, are recognized when they become measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 30 days of the end of the current fiscal year. When grant terms provide that the expenditure of resources is the prime factor for determining eligibility for Federal, State, and other grant resources, revenue is recognized at the time the expenditure is made. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments, postemployment healthcare benefits and compensated absences, which are recognized when due. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

(Continued)

# Note 1 - <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

# **Basis of Accounting (***Concluded***)**

The proprietary fund distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the proprietary funds' principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's internal service fund are charges to the District for workers' compensation, automobile liability, general liability, and property loss insurance premiums. Operating expenses include insurance claims, insurance premiums for excess insurance, State assessments, and administrative expenses and fees. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. When committed, assigned, or unassigned resources are available for use in governmental fund financial statements, it is the District's practice to use committed resources first, followed by assigned resources, and then unassigned resources as they are needed.

### **Deposits and Investments**

For purposes of the District's financial statements, including the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, cash with fiscal agent, and short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less. Investments classified as cash equivalents include money market mutual funds, Florida Education Investment Trust Fund (FEITF), and the State Board of Administration (SBA), in Florida PRIME, formerly known as the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund investment pools.

Cash deposits are held by banks qualified as public depositories under Florida law. All deposits are insured by Federal depository insurance, up to specified limits, or collateralized with securities held in Florida's multiple financial institution collateral pool as required by Chapter 280, Florida Statutes.

Investments consist of amounts placed in SBA debt service accounts for investments of debt service moneys and amounts placed with SBA for participation in Florida PRIME and Fund B Surplus Funds Trust Fund (Fund B) investment pools created by Sections 218.405 and 218.417, Florida Statutes, amounts placed in the FEITF, and those made locally. The investment pools operate under investment guidelines established by Section 215.47, Florida Statutes.

The District's investments in Florida Prime and FEITF, which the SBA and FEITF, respectively, indicate are Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 2a7-like external investment pools, are similar to money market funds in which shares are owned in the fund rather than the underlying investments. These investments are reported at fair value, which is amortized cost.

The District's investments in Fund B are accounted for as a fluctuating net asset value pool, with a fair value factor of 1.84438408 at June 30, 2014. Fund B is not subject to participant withdrawal requests. Distributions from Fund B, as determined by SBA, are effected by transferring eligible cash or securities to Florida PRIME, consistent with the pro rata allocation of pool shareholders of record at the creation date of Fund B. One hundred percent of such distributions from Fund B are available as a liquid balance within Florida PRIME.

(Continued)

# Note 1 - <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

# **Deposits and Investments** (Concluded)

Investments made locally consist of amounts placed in a money market mutual funds under a trust agreement in connection with certificates of participation financing arrangements and are reported at fair value.

Types and amounts of investments held at fiscal year-end are described in a subsequent note on investments.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption in the course of District operations. Inventories are stated at cost on the first-in, first-out basis, except that maintenance inventories are stated at weighted-average and United States Department of Agriculture surplus commodities are stated at their fair value as determined at the time of donation to the District's food service program by the Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, Bureau of Food Distribution. Under the economic resources measurement focus of the government-wide financial statements, the costs of inventories are recorded as expenditures when used rather than purchased. In the fund financial statements, except for United States Department of Agriculture donated foods, the costs of inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than used and reported purchased inventories are equally offset by a fund balance reserve.

# **Capital Assets**

Expenditures for capital assets acquired or constructed for general District purposes are reported in the governmental fund that financed the acquisition or construction. The capital assets so acquired are reported at cost in the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the governmental fund financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as those costing more than \$750. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated assets are recorded at fair value at the date of donation. Interest costs incurred during construction of capital assets are not considered material and are not capitalized as part of the cost of construction. Land, improvements other than buildings, and buildings acquired or constructed prior to July 1, 1968, are stated at appraised value when historical costs could not be determined.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
<b>Description</b>	Lives
Improvements Other Than Buildings	25 Years
Buildings and Fixed Equipment	50 Years
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	7 Years
Motor Vehicles	10 Years
Property Acquired Under Capital Lease	5 Years
Audio Visual Materials and Computer Software	5-15 Years

Current-year information relative to changes in capital assets is described in a subsequent note.

(Continued)

# Note 1 - <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

# **Long-term Liabilities**

Long-term obligations that will be financed from resources to be received in the future by governmental funds are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statement of net position.

In the governmental fund financial statements, bonds and other long-term obligations are not recognized as liabilities until due. Governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued and premiums on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

In the government-wide financial statements, compensated absences (i.e., paid absences for employee vacation leave and sick leave) are accrued as liabilities to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. A liability is reported in the governmental fund financial statements only if it has matured, such as for occurrences of employee resignations and retirements.

Changes in long-term liabilities for the current year are reported in a subsequent note.

### **State Revenue Sources**

Revenues from State sources for current operations are primarily from the Florida Education Finance Program administered by the Florida Department of Education (the Department) under the provisions of Section 1011.62, Florida Statutes. In accordance with this law, the District determines and reports the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the Department. The Department performs certain edit checks on the reported number of FTE and related data, and calculates the allocation of funds to the District. The District is permitted to amend its original reporting for a period of nine months following the date of the original reporting. Such amendments may impact funding allocations for subsequent years. The Department may also adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations based upon an audit of the District's compliance in determining and reporting FTE and related data. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions or additions of revenue in the year when the adjustments are made.

The State provides financial assistance to administer certain categorical educational programs. State Board of Education rules require that revenue earmarked for certain programs be expended only for the program for which the money is provided, and require that the money not expended as of the close of the fiscal year be carried forward into the following year to be expended for the same categorical educational programs. The Department generally requires that categorical educational program revenues be accounted for in the General Fund. A portion of the fund balance of the General Fund is restricted in the governmental funds financial statements for the balance of categorical educational program resources.

A schedule of revenue from State sources for the current year is presented in a subsequent note.

(Continued)

# Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# **District Property Taxes**

The School Board is authorized by State law to levy property taxes for district school operations, capital improvements, and debt service.

Property taxes consist of ad valorem taxes on real and personal property within the District. Property values are determined by the Clay County Property Appraiser, and property taxes are collected by the Clay County Tax Collector.

The School Board adopted the 2013 tax levy on September 19, 2013. Tax bills are mailed in October and taxes are payable between November 1 of the year assessed and March 31 of the following year at discounts of up to 4 percent for early payment.

Taxes become delinquent on April 1 of the year following the year of assessment. State law provides for enforcement of collection of personal property taxes by seizure of the property to satisfy unpaid taxes, and for enforcement of collection of real property taxes by the sale of interest bearing tax certificates to satisfy unpaid taxes. The procedures result in the collection of essentially all taxes prior to June 30 of the year following the year of assessment.

Property tax revenues are recognized in the government-wide financial statements when the Board adopts the tax levy. Property tax revenues are recognized in the governmental fund financial statements when taxes are received by the District, except that revenue is accrued for taxes collected by the Clay County Tax Collector at fiscal year-end but not yet remitted to the District.

Millages and taxes levied for the current year are presented in a subsequent note.

# **Local Government Infrastructure Surtax**

The citizens of Clay County, on November 3, 1989, approved a one percent local government infrastructure sales surtax authorized under Section 212.055(2), Florida Statutes. Pursuant to Section 212.055(2)(c)1., Florida Statutes, the County and its municipalities entered into an interlocal agreement with the School Board, dated June 23, 1998, wherein the parties agreed to a distribution formula for the infrastructure sales surtax proceeds. The distribution formula provides, in part, that the District shall receive ten percent of the County's portion of the proceeds using the statutory distribution formula provided in Section 218.62, Florida Statutes. The surtax proceeds are to be used for fixed capital expenditures or fixed capital costs associated with the construction, reconstruction, or improvement of public facilities which have a useful life expectancy of five or more years; any land acquisition, land improvement, design, and engineering costs related thereto; and certain vehicle purchases.

# **Educational Impact Fees**

Clay County imposes an educational impact fee based on an ordinance adopted by the County Commission in 2003. This ordinance was most recently amended in 2009, when Ordinance 2009-30 established, in part, revised rates to be collected. The educational impact fee is collected by the County for most new residential construction. The fees are collected by the County and each municipality within the County based on an interlocal agreement.

(Continued)

# Note 1 - <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

# **Educational Impact Fees (Concluded)**

The fees shall be used solely for the purpose of providing capital improvements to the public educational system necessitated by new residential development, and shall not be used for any expenditure that would be classified as a maintenance or repair expense. The authorized uses include, but are not limited to, land acquisition, facility design and construction costs, furniture and equipment, and payment of principal, interest, and related costs of indebtedness necessitated by new residential development.

# Federal Revenue Sources/American Recovery and Reinvestment Act Economic Stimulus Funds

The District receives Federal awards for the enhancement of various educational programs. Federal awards are generally received based on applications submitted to, and approved by, various granting agencies. For Federal awards in which a claim to these grant proceeds is based on incurring eligible expenditures, revenue is recognized to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred.

### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### **New Pronouncements**

GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*. This statement established accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities.

GASB Statement No. 66, Technical Corrections - 2012 - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 10 and No. 62. This statement improved accounting and financial reporting for a governmental financial reporting entity by resolving conflicting guidance that resulted from the issuance of two pronouncements, GASB Statements No. 54 and No. 62. This statement amended GASB Statement No. 10, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues, by removing the provision that limits fund-based reporting of an entity's risk financing activities to the general fund and the internal service fund type. As a result, governments will base their decisions about fund type classification on the nature of the activity to be reported, as required in GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. Additionally, this statement amended GASB Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements, by modifying the specific guidance on accounting for operating lease payments, purchased loans or groups of loans, and servicing fees related to mortgage loans sold.

(Continued)

#### Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Concluded)

#### **New Pronouncements** (Concluded)

GASB Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans. This statement amended GASB Statement No. 25, Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans, and improved financial reporting by state and local governmental pension plans. This statement established the standards of accounting and financial reporting for the pension plan and not the employer (District School Board of Clay County).

GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27. The objective of this statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for pensions that is provided by other entities. This statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for pensions with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and interperiod equity, and creating additional transparency. This statement will be effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2014.

In the 2013-14 fiscal year, the District adopted three new statements of financial accounting standards issued by the GASB, which did not have a significant impact on the June 30, 2014 financial statements:

- GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*
- GASB Statement No. 66, Technical Corrections 2012 an amendment of GASB Statements No. 10 and No. 62
- GASB Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans

#### Note 2 - BUDGETARY COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

The Board follows procedures established by State Statutes and State Board of Education rules in establishing budget balances for governmental funds as described below:

- Budgets are prepared, public hearings are held, and original budgets are adopted annually for all governmental fund types in accordance with procedures and time intervals prescribed by law and State Board of Education rules.
- Appropriations are controlled at the object level (e.g., salaries, purchased services, and capital outlay) within each activity (e.g., instruction, pupil personnel services, and school administration) and may be amended by resolution at any School Board meeting prior to the due date for the annual financial report.
- Budgets are prepared using the same modified accrual basis as is used to account for governmental funds.
- Budgetary information is integrated into the accounting system and, to facilitate budget control, budget balances are encumbered when purchase orders are issued. Appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end and encumbrances outstanding are honored from the subsequent years' appropriations.

(Continued)

#### Note 3 - <u>INVESTMENTS</u>

As of June 30, 2014, the District has the following investments:

Investments	Maturities	 Fair Value
Governmental Activities:		
Money Market Mutual Funds:		
First American Treasury Obligations (1) (2)	24 Day Average	\$ 3,296,705.03
First American Prime Obligations (1) (2)	39 Day Average	927,581.25
State Board of Administration:		
Florida PRIME (2)	40 Day Average	14,992,756.33
Fund B Surplus Funds Trust Fund	2.86 Year Average	257,547.38
State Board of Administration Debt Service Accounts	6 Months	68,653.90
Florida Education Investment Trust Fund (2)	51 Day Average	 3,481,355.16
		 23,024,599.05
Reported in Cash and Cash Equivalents		22,698,397.77
Reported as Investments		 326,201.28
Total Investments Reported in Governmental Activities		 23,024,599.05
Fiduciary Funds:		
State Board of Administration:		
Florida PRIME (2)	40 Day Average	 1,705,070.49
<b>Total Investments, Reporting Entity</b>		\$ 24,729,669.54

Notes: (1) At June 30, 2014, investments totaling \$4,224,286.28 were held under a trust agreement in connection with Certificates of Participation financing arrangements.

(2) Investments reported as cash equivalents.

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District's investment policy does not specifically limit investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses from increasing interest rates, but generally requires shorter-term investment maturities that are matched with cash flow needs to avoid selling securities prior to maturity. The trust agreement in connection with certificates of participation financing arrangements does not specifically limit investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses from increasing interest rates. The FEITF and the First American Treasury Obligations money market mutual fund are designed to maintain a \$1 per share net asset value and provide immediate liquidity to meet cash flow needs.

A portfolio's WAM reflects the average maturity in days based on final maturity or reset date, in the case of floating rate instruments. WAM measures the sensitivity of the portfolio to interest rate changes. Florida PRIME had a weighted average days to maturity (WAM) of 40 days, and the FEITF had a WAM of 44 days at June 30, 2014. Due to the nature of the securities in Fund B, the interest rate risk information required by GASB Statement No. 40 (i.e., specific identification, duration, weighted average maturity, segmented time distribution, or simulation model) is not available. An estimate of the weighted average life (WAL) is available. In the calculation of the WAL, the time at

(Continued)

#### **Note 3 - INVESTMENTS (Concluded)**

#### **Interest Rate Risk** (Concluded)

which an expected principal amount is to be received, measured in years, is weighted by the principal amount recieved at that time delivered by the sum of all expected principal payments. The principal amounts used in the WAL calculation are not discounted to present value as they would be in a weighted average duration calculation. At June 30, 2014, based on expected future cash flows, the WAL of Fund B is estimated at 2.86 years. However, because Fund B consists of restructured or defaulted securities there is considerable uncertainty regarding the WAL. Participation in Fund B is involuntary.

#### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The District's investment policy limits investments to the SBA Local Government Surplus Trust Fund Investment Pool, which effective July 1, 2009, is known as Florida PRIME, or any intergovernmental investment pool; Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating; interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts held in qualified public depositories; direct obligations of the United States Treasury; Federal Agencies and Instrumentalities, any openend or closed-end management-type investment company or registered investment trust investing in, or repurchase agreements collateralized by, obligations of the United States Government or any agency or instrumentality; and commercial paper and bankers' acceptances with quality credit ratings.

The District's investments in the SBA debt service accounts are to provide for debt service payments on bond debt issued by the State Board of Education for the benefit of the District.

The District relies on policies developed by the SBA for managing interest rate risk and credit risk for this account.

As of June 30, 2014, the District's investment in the Florida PRIME is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. The Fund B Surplus Funds Trust Fund is unrated.

As of June 30, 2014, the District's investment in the FEITF was rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's, and the District's investment in the First American Treasury Obligations money market mutual funds was rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

#### **Custodial Credit Risk**

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the District will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's investment policy addresses custodial credit risk in that all securities, with the exception of certificates of deposit, are held with a third party custodian; and all securities purchased by and all collateral obtained by the District should be propertly designated as an asset of the District. The securities must be held in an account separate and apart from the assets of the financial institution.

The District's investments in the money market mutual funds are held by the safekeeping agent in the name of the District.

JUNE 30, 2014 (Continued)

#### Note 4 - CAPITAL CREDITS RECEIVABLE

The District participates in a nonprofit electric cooperative established under Chapter 425, Florida Statutes. In accordance with this Statute, revenues in excess of operating expenses, unless otherwise determined by a vote of the membership, are distributed by the cooperative on a pro rata basis to its members. The policy of the Clay Electric Cooperative, Inc. is to credit the excess revenues to the members' accounts. Annually, the Cooperative makes payments for designated prior years' capital credits. During the 2013-2014 fiscal year, the District received \$57,082.28 related to portions of capital credits earned from the 1988 through 2012 fiscal years. At June 30, 2014, the accumulated credits to the District's accounts were \$3,799,337.43.

#### Note 5 - RECEIVABLES DUE FROM OTHER AGENCIES

The majority of receivables are due from other agencies. These receivables and the remaining accounts receivable are considered to be fully collectible. The following is a schedule of amounts Due from Other Agencies at June 30, 2014:

#### **JUNE 30, 2014**

(Continued)

#### Note 5 - <u>RECEIVABLES DUE FROM OTHER AGENCIES</u> (Concluded)

FUND/S OURCE	AMOUNT
Major Governmental Funds	 
General:	
Clay County Sheriff's Office:	
Fuel Reimbursement	\$ 261.75
Episcopal Childrens Services:	
VPK Program	4,638.50
State of Florida:	
DCF State Grant	16,214.11
AHCA State Grant	521,160.00
Clay County Education Association:	
Union Officers' Salaries Reimbursement	3,791.54
Clay Behavioral Health:	
County Health Grant	11,237.50
United State Department of Defense:	
Navy Junior Reserve Officers Training Corps	90,285.99
Clay County Board of County Commissioners:	
Driver Education Safety Fund	56,020.09
Clay County Tax Collector:	
Local Property Taxes	1,352,586.93
Other Agencies	70,707.94
Special Revenue Fund-Food Services:	
State of Florida:	
Reimbursements for School Meals	101,441.01
Federal Economic Stimulus Funds:	
State of Florida:	
Federal Cash Advance System	30,571.62
Capital Projects - Other Capital Projects:	
Clay County Board of County Commissioners:	
Local Impact Fees	334,361.69
State of Florida:	
Department of Revenue Gas Tax Refunds	20,721.36
Department of Revenue Local Sales Surtax	186,337.67
Non-Major - Other Governmental Funds:	
Capital Projects - Local Capital Improvement:	
Clay County Tax Collector:	
Local Property Taxes	346,024.77
Special Revenue Fund-Other Special Revenue	
State of Florida:	
Federal Cash Advance System	595,841.36
First Coast Workforce Development:	
WIA Youth Activities Grant	67,940.14
U.S. Department of Defense Education Activities:	
Achievement at Military Connected Schools	 281,919.41
TOTAL	\$ 4,092,063.38

(Continued)

#### Note 6 - CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS

Changes in capital assets are presented in the table below.

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance
GO VERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 29,929,713.81	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 29,929,713.81
Construction in Progress	1,990,558.93	3,933,017.03	4,347,997.74	1,575,578.22
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	31,920,272.74	3,933,017.03	4,347,997.74	31,505,292.03
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Improvements Other Than Buildings	24,990,871.50	381,559.22	0.00	25,372,430.72
Buildings and Fixed Equipment	525,901,184.45	3,966,438.52	0.00	529,867,622.97
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	31,075,737.60	1,562,152.96	2,255,084.12	30,382,806.44
Motor Vehicles	24,012,825.10	1,430,667.05	918,016.53	24,525,475.62
Property Acquired Under Capital Lease	481,289.25	17,553.65	0.00	498,842.90
Audio Visual Materials and				
Computer Software	3,631,510.95	9,168.56	335,641.53	3,305,037.98
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	610,093,418.85	7,367,539.96	3,508,742.18	613,952,216.63
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Improvements Other Than Buildings	16,214,850.50	999,634.86	0.00	17,214,485.36
Buildings and Fixed Equipment	125,547,305.41	10,651,918.66	0.00	136,199,224.07
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	21,781,843.63	2,946,042.55	2,255,084.12	22,472,802.06
Motor Vehicles	12,117,633.71	2,159,944.00	918,016.53	13,359,561.18
Property Acquired Under Capital Lease Audio Visual Materials and	385,029.80	98,765.51	0.00	483,795.31
Audio Visual Materials and Computer Software	2,716,005.16	0.00	441,656.67	2,274,348.49
Total Accumulated Depreciation	178,762,668.21	16,856,305.58	3,614,757.32	192,004,216.47
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated, Net	431,330,750.64	(9,488,765.62)	(106,015.14)	421,948,000.16
<b>Total Governmental Activities</b>				
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 463,251,023.38	\$(5,555,748.59)	\$4,241,982.60	\$453,453,292.19

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

<b>Function</b>	Amount			
Governmental Activities Student Transportation Services	\$	2,159,911.00		
Unallocated		14,696,394.58		
<b>Total Depreciation Expense -</b>				
Governmental Activities	\$	16,856,305.58		

(Continued)

#### Note 7 - <u>CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION</u>

Certificates of Participation at June 30, 2014, are as follows:

		Interest	Lease	
	Amount	Rates	Term	Original
Series	 Outstanding	(Percent)	Maturity	 Amount
Series 2004, Refunding	\$ 3,095,000	3.500 - 3.625	2017	\$ 9,900,000
Series 2005A	14,025,000	3.750 - 4.500	2027	16,430,000
Series 2005B, Refunding	12,835,000	4.100 - 5.000	2025	18,545,000
Series 2012, Refunding	 24,080,000	2.000 - 5.000	2028	24,930,000
<b>Total Certificates of Participation</b>	\$ 54,035,000			

The District entered into a master financing arrangement on May 15, 1997, which arrangement was characterized as lease-purchase agreement, with the Clay School Board Leasing Corporation whereby the District secured financing of various educational facilities. The financing was accomplished through the issuance of Certificates of Participation to be repaid from the proceeds of rents paid by the District.

As a condition of the financing arrangement, the District has given ground leases on District property to the Clay School Board Leasing Corporation, with a rental fee of \$10 per year. The properties covered by the ground leases are, together with the improvements constructed thereon from the financing proceeds, leased back to the District. If the District fails to renew the leases and to provide for the rent payments through to term, the District may be required to surrender the sites included under the Ground Lease Agreements for the benefit of the securers of the certificates for the remaining term of the ground leases.

A summary of the lease terms is as follows:

Certificates	Lease Term
Series 2004, Refunding	Earlier of Date Paid in Full or June 30, 2017
Series 2005A	Earlier of Date Paid in Full or June 30, 2027
Series 2005B, Refunding	Earlier of Date Paid in Full or June 30, 2025
Series 2012, Refunding	Earlier of Date Paid in Full or June 30, 2028

The District properties included in the ground leases under these arrangements include:

Certificates	Description of Properties
Series 2004, Refunding	Acquisition of Approximately 42 Acres of Land Adjacent to the Former Ridgeview Junior High School and Conversion of the Facility to a Senior High School. (Ridgeview High School)
Series 2005B, Refunding	Construction of a New Senior High School in the Fleming Island Area. (Fleming Island High School)
Series 2005A	Construction of a New Junior High School in the Oakleaf Area. (Oakleaf Junior High School)
Series 2012, Refunding	Construction of a New Junior High School in the Lake Asbury Area (Lake Asbury Junior High School) and a New Senior High School in the Oakleaf Area. (Oakleaf High School)

(Continued)

#### Note 7 - CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION (Concluded)

The lease payments are payable by the District, semiannually, on July 1 and January 1, and must be remitted by the District as of the 15th day of the month preceding the payment dates. The following is a schedule by years of future minimum lease payments under the lease agreements together with the present value of minimum lease payments as of June 30:

#### **Fiscal Year Ending**

<b>June 30</b>	 Total	Principal	 Interest
2015	\$ 5,423,995.02	\$ 3,120,000.00	\$ 2,303,995.02
2016	5,422,820.02	3,235,000.00	2,187,820.02
2017	5,419,295.02	3,365,000.00	2,054,295.02
2018	5,411,883.76	3,485,000.00	1,926,883.76
2019	5,409,871.26	3,645,000.00	1,764,871.26
2020 - 2024	26,782,187.50	20,540,000.00	6,242,187.50
2025 - 2028	 18,245,182.50	 16,645,000.00	 1,600,182.50
<b>Total Minimum Lease Payments</b>	\$ 72,115,235.08	\$ 54,035,000.00	\$ 18,080,235.08

#### Note 8 - BONDS PAYABLE

Bonds payable at June 30, 2014, are as follows:

	Amount	Interest Rates	Annual Maturity
Bond Type	 Outstanding	(Percent)	To
State School Bonds:			
Series 2005A, Refunding	\$ 1,415,000.00	5.00	2017
Series 2005B, Refunding	405,000.00	5.00	2018
Series 2009A, Refunding	185,000.00	4.00 - 5.00	2019
Series 2011A, Refunding	620,000.00	3.00 - 5.00	2023
District Revenue Bonds:			
Series 2010, Refunding	 2,625,000.00	2.15 - 5.00	2032
Total Bonds Payable	\$ 5,250,000.00		

The various bonds were issued to finance capital outlay projects of the District. The following is a description of the bonded debt issues:

#### **■ State School Bonds**

These bonds are issued by the State Board of Education on behalf of the District. The bonds mature serially, and are secured by a pledge of the District's portion of the State-assessed motor vehicle license tax. The State's full faith and credit is also pledged as security for these bonds. Principal and interest payments, investment of Debt Service Fund resources, and compliance with reserve requirements are administered by the State Board of Education and the State Board of Administration.

(Continued)

#### Note 8 - <u>BONDS PAYABLE</u> (Concluded)

#### District Revenue Bonds

These bonds were issued to refund the District Revenue Bonds, Series 1995, and to finance costs of various capital improvements in the District. These bonds are authorized by Chapter 65-1383, Laws of Florida, and Chapter 70-631, Laws of Florida, which provide that the bonds be secured by the portion of the racetrack and jai alai fronton funds distributed annually to Clay County from the State's Pari-Mutuel Tax Collection Trust Fund pursuant to Chapter 550, Florida Statutes (effective July 1, 2000, tax proceeds are distributed pursuant to Section 212.20(6)(d)7.a., Florida Statutes (2001), now Section 212.20(6)(d)6.a., Florida Statutes (2011)), and Chapter 65-1164, Laws of Florida. The annual distribution is remitted by the Florida Department of Financial Services to the District and the Board has established a sinking fund as required by the bond resolution.

The District has pledged a combined total of \$3,920,523.78 of future pari-mutuel tax revenues in connection with the Series 2010A, District Revenue Bonds, described above. During the 2013-2014 fiscal year, the District recognized sales tax revenues totaling \$223,250.00, and expended \$216,137.50 of these revenues for debt service directly collateralized by these revenues. The pledged sales tax revenues are committed until final maturity of the debt on May 1, 2032. Approximately 98% of this revenue stream has been pledged in connection with the debt service on the revenue bonds until all such bonds outstanding have been redeemed.

Annual requirements to amortize all bonded debt outstanding as of June 30, 2014, are as follows:

**Total** 

**Principal** 

820,000.00

595,000.00

2,625,000.00

5,250,000.00

**Interest** 

268,787.50

60,250.00

1,295,523.78

1,622,423.78

Fiscal	Year	<b>Ending</b>
Jı	ine 3	0

2025 - 2029

2030 - 2032

**Total District Revenue Bonds** 

Total

State School Bonds:			
2015	\$ 928,950.00	\$ 800,000.00	\$ 128,950.00
2016	758,950.00	670,000.00	88,950.00
2017	725,450.00	670,000.00	55,450.00
2018	216,950.00	195,000.00	21,950.00
2019	92,200.00	80,000.00	12,200.00
2020 - 2023	 229,400.00	 210,000.00	 19,400.00
<b>Total State School Bonds</b>	\$ 2,951,900.00	\$ 2,625,000.00	\$ 326,900.00
Fiscal Year Ending			
Fiscal Year Ending June 30	 Total	Principal	 Interest
	 Total	 Principal	 Interest
<b>June 30</b>	\$ <b>Total</b> 218,987.50	\$ <b>Principal</b> 105,000.00	\$ Interest 113,987.50
June 30 District Revenue Bonds:	\$	\$ 	\$ 
June 30 District Revenue Bonds: 2015	\$ 218,987.50	\$ 105,000.00	\$ 113,987.50
June 30 District Revenue Bonds: 2015 2016	\$ 218,987.50 216,257.50	\$ 105,000.00 105,000.00	\$ 113,987.50 111,257.50
June 30 District Revenue Bonds: 2015 2016 2017	\$ 218,987.50 216,257.50 218,055.00	\$ 105,000.00 105,000.00 110,000.00	\$ 113,987.50 111,257.50 108,055.00

1,088,787.50

3,920,523.78

6,872,423.78

655,250.00

(Continued)

#### **Note 9 - DEFEASED DEBT**

Certain outstanding State School Bonds and Certificates of Participation of the District have been defeased by placing the proceeds of refunding bonds and certificates in irrevocable trust to provide for future debt service payments. Accordingly, the trust and the defeased bonds and certificates are not included in the District's government-wide financial statements. The defeased bonds and certificates outstanding at June 30, 2014, considered extinguished are as follows:

Issue	Amount Outstanding			
State School Bonds:				
Series 2002B	\$	275,000.00		
Series 2003A		420,000.00		
Certificates of Participation:				
Series 2003 and 2008		24,960,000.00		

#### Note 10 - CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities:

Description	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balance	Due in One Year
Governmental Activities					
Certificates of Participation Payable	\$57,055,000.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 3,020,000.00	\$54,035,000.00	\$ 3,120,000.00
Estimated Insurance Claims Payable	1,372,408.00	617,462.49	712,474.49	1,277,396.00	613,150.08
Bonds Payable	6,145,000.00	0.00	895,000.00	5,250,000.00	905,000.00
Obligation Under Capital Lease	0.00	17,553.65	2,367.79	15,185.86	5,774.02
Other Postemployment Benefits					
Obligation	2,034,065.00	1,799,077.00	575,463.00	3,257,679.00	0.00
Compensated Absences Payable	20,637,339.47	10,117,940.80	9,088,806.94	21,666,473.33	9,088,806.94
<b>Total Governmental Activities</b>	\$87,243,812.47	\$12,552,033.94	\$14,294,112.22	\$85,501,734.19	\$13,732,731.04

Internal service funds predominately serve the governmental funds and, accordingly, long-term liabilities of those funds are included in the governmental activities. For the governmental activities, compensated absences are generally liquidated with resources of the General Fund. The estimated insurance claims are generally liquidated with resources of the Internal Service Fund.

#### Note 11 - NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCE REPORTING

In the Statement of Net Position, restricted net position is subject to restrictions beyond the District's control. The restriction is either externally imposed (for instance, by creditors, grantors, or laws/ regulations of other governments) or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. It is the practice of the District to utilize restricted before unrestricted resources.

Net Investment in Capital Assets is that portion of net position that relates to the District's capital assets, reduced by the debt outstanding used to purchase or construct the capital assets.

Unrestricted Net Position represents the net position of the District that is not restricted for any project or purpose.

(Continued)

#### Note 11 - FUND BALANCE REPORTING (Continued)

For Governmental Funds, the District follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions* to classify fund balances. The classifications comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balances are classified as nonspendable and spendable. Nonspendable fund balances are balances that cannot be spent because they are not expected to be converted to cash or they are legally or contractually required to remain intact. Examples of this classification are prepaid items, inventories, and principal (corpus) of an endowment fund. The District has inventories that are considered nonspendable. Additionally, the District has investments in Fund B Surplus Funds Trust Fund of the State Board of Administration. Since Fund B is not subject to participant withdrawal requests, the Fund B balance at June 30, 2014, is considered nonspendable. In the District's Governmental Funds, the District does not have any prepaid items or nonspendable funds related to endowments.

In addition to the nonspendable fund balance, the District reports its governmental fund balances as spendable fund balances, based on the following hierarchy of spending constraints:

#### **■** Restricted

The portion of fund balance on which constraints have been placed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation. Restricted fund balance places the most binding level of constraint on the use of fund balance. The District classifies most of its fund balances other than in the General Fund as restricted, as well as unspent State categorical programs reported in the General Fund, that are legally or otherwise restricted.

#### ■ Committed

The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the highest level of decision-making authority (i.e., the Board). These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same action it employed to previously commit the amounts. The District did not have any committed fund balances at June 30, 2014.

#### Assigned

The portion of fund balance that is intended to be used for specific purposes, but is neither restricted nor committed. Assigned amounts include those that have been set aside for a specific purpose by an authorized government body or official, but the constraint imposed does not satisfy the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. This category includes any remaining positive amounts, for governmental funds other than the General Fund, not classified as nonspendable, restricted, or committed. The amounts are assigned by the finance officer and approved by the Board as part of the District's annual financial report.

(Continued)

#### Note 11 - <u>FUND BALANCE REPORTING</u> (Concluded)

#### Unassigned

The portion of fund balance that is the residual classification for the General Fund. This balance represents amounts that have not been assigned to other funds and that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned for specific purposes.

The District has classified its fund balances with the following hierarchy:

*Nonspendable*: At June 30, 2014, in the District's Governmental Funds, the District has inventories totaling \$1,183,692.88 and investments in Fund B Surplus Funds Trust Fund of the State Board of Administration totaling \$240,331.71.

*Spendable*: The District has classified the spendable fund balances as Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned and considered each to have been spent when expenditures are incurred. The District currently has no funds classified as Committed.

- Restricted for Food Services, Federal Required Carryover Programs, State Required Carryover Programs, Debt Service and Capital Projects: Laws, rules, regulations, ordinances, and policies require that certain revenues be specifically designated for the purposes of Federal carryover programs, state carryover programs, food services, debt service, and capital projects. These funds have been included in the restricted category of fund balance. The restricted fund balances totaled \$14,185,798.68 at June 30, 2014.
- Assigned for Special Projects: The School Board has set aside certain spendable fund balance for special projects. At year-end, the assigned fund balance is \$2,452,152.63. The assigned fund balance for special projects includes \$496,356.59 for outstanding encumbrances, \$8,035.00 for insurance, and \$1,947,761.04 for carryover programs.
- <u>Unassigned</u>: The unassigned fund balance for the General Fund is \$2,937,342.77.

The District has not established a contingency reserve or "Rainy Day Fund." At the end of the fiscal year, the unassigned general fund balance, representing the net current financial resources available for general appropriation by the Board, totaled \$2,937,342.77, or 1.19 percent of total General Fund revenues.

Because revenues of grants accounted for in the Federal Economic Stimulus Programs Funds are not recognized until expenditures are incurred, these grant funds generally do not accumulate fund balances. Accordingly, no fund balances are reported for these grant funds at June 30, 2014.

(Continued)

#### Note 12 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

The following is a summary of interfund receivables and payables reported in the fund financial statements:

	<u> </u>							
<b>Funds</b>		Receivables		Payables				
Major Governmental Funds:								
General	\$	3,300,586.53	\$	0.00				
Debt Service:								
Other Debt Service		0.00		0.00				
Capital Projects:								
Other Capital Projects		0.00		598,333.09				
Special Revenue:								
Food Service Fund		0.00		1,015,976.72				
Federal Economic Stimulus Programs		0.00		26,232.42				
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		0.00		2,314,426.16				
Proprietary Fund								
Internal Service Fund		793,792.71		42,143.15				
Agency Funds		0.00		97,267.70				
Total	\$	4,094,379.24	\$	4,094,379.24				

The outstanding interfund payables due to the General Fund resulted from expenditures being adjusted between funds. The interfund amounts represent temporary loans from one fund to another and are expected to be repaid within one year.

The following is a summary of interfund transfers reported in the fund financial statements:

	<u> </u>						
Funds	Transfers In			<b>Transfers Out</b>			
Major Governmental Funds:							
General	\$	6,576,128.02	\$	0.00			
Debt Service:							
Other Debt Service		5,440,291.21		0.00			
Capital Projects:							
Other Capital Projects		0.00		2,484,387.40			
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		0.00		9,532,031.83			
Total	\$	12,016,419.23	\$	12,016,419.23			

Interfund transfers represent permanent transfers of moneys between funds. The transfers out of the Capital Projects Funds were to provide for debt service payments, to fund equipment purchases, to fund property and casualty insurance premiums, and to fund certain facilities and maintenance expenditures of the District's General Fund.

JUNE 30, 2014 (Continued)

#### Note 13 - SCHEDULE OF STATE REVENUE SOURCES

The following is a schedule of the District's state revenue for the 2012-2014 fiscal year:

Source	Amount
Florida Education Finance Program	\$ 141,979,259.00
Categorical Educational Program:	
Class Size Reduction	38,266,393.00
School Recognition	1,442,571.00
Motor Vehicle License Tax (Capital Outlay and Debt Service)	1,384,118.00
Workforce Development Program	850,966.00
Voluntary Prekindergarten Program	424,316.22
Discretionary Lotto Funds	349,942.00
Bond with Support Grant	312,000.00
Department of Military Affairs	250,000.00
Racing Commission Funds	223,250.00
Food Service Supplement	135,391.00
Department of Children and Families	136,941.66
Miscellaneous	299,024.78
Total	\$ 186,054,172.66

Accounting policies relating to certain state revenue sources are described in Note 1.

#### Note 14 - PROPERTY TAXES

The following is a summary of millages and taxes levied on the 2013 tax roll for the 2013-2014 fiscal year:

General Fund	Millages	Taxes Levied		
Nonvoted School Tax:				
Required Local Effort	5.094	\$	46,774,789	
Basic Discretionary Local Effort	0.748		6,868,383	
Capital Projects Funds Nonvoted Tax: Local Capital Improvements Total	1.500 7.342		13,773,495 67,416,667	

#### **Note 15 - STATE RETIREMENT PROGRAM**

Essentially all regular employees of the District are covered by the State-administered Florida Retirement System (FRS). Provisions relating to FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and Florida Retirement System Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code, wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of two cost-sharing, multiple-employer retirement plans and other non-integrated programs. These include a defined benefit pension plan (Plan), a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP), and a defined contribution plan, referred to as the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan).

(Continued)

#### Note 15 - STATE RETIREMENT PROGRAM (Continued)

Employees enrolled in the Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at six years of service and employees enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at eight years of service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service, which may include up to 4 years of credit for military service. All members enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of service. The Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments.

DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS employer. An employee may participate in the DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate, except that certain instructional personnel may participate for up to 96 months. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined-benefit Plan. District employees participating in the DROP are not eligible to participate in this program. Employer contributions are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. The Investment Plan is funded by employer contributions that are based on salary and membership class (Regular, Elected County Officers, etc.). Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Employees in the Investment Plan vest after one year of service.

The State of Florida establishes contribution rates for participating employees and employers. During the 2013-2014 fiscal year, contribution rates were as follows:

	Percent of	Gross Salary
Class or Plan	Employee	Employer (A)
Florida Retirement System, Regular	3.00	6.95
Florida Retirement System, Elected County Officers	3.00	33.03
Deferred Retirement Option Program – Applicable to Members		
from all of the Above Classes or Plans	0.00	12.84
Florida Retirement System, Reemployed Retiree	(B)	(B)

Notes: (A) Employer rates include 1.20 percent for the post-employment health insurance supplement. Also, employer rates, other than for DROP participants, include 0.03 percent for administrative costs of the Public Employee Optional Retirement Program.

(B) Contribution rates are dependent upon the retirement class in which reemployed.

(Continued)

#### Note 15 - STATE RETIREMENT PROGRAM (Concluded)

The District's liability for participation is limited to the payment of the required contribution at the rates and frequencies established by law on future payrolls of the District. The District's contributions (including employee contributions) to all plans for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2012, June 30, 2013, and June 30, 2014, totaled \$11,642,097.12, \$14,610,331.16, and \$13,836,380.09, respectively, which were equal to the required contributions for each fiscal year.

The financial statements and other supplemental information of the FRS are included in the comprehensive annual financial report of the State of Florida which may be obtained by contacting the Florida Department of Financial Services. Also, an annual report on the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplemental information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, may be obtained from the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

#### Note 16 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

#### **Plan Description**

The Other Postemployment Health Care Benefits Plan (OPEB Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit plan administered by the District. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 112.0801, Florida Statutes, former employees who retire from the District are eligible to participate in the District's health insurance plan. The District subsidizes the premium rates paid by retirees by allowing them to participate in the plan at reduced or blended group (implicitly subsidized) premium rates for both active and retired employees. These rates provide an implicit subsidy for retirees because, on an actuarial basis, their current and future claims are expected to result in higher costs to the OPEB Plan on average than those of active employees. Retirees are assumed to enroll in the Federal Medicare program for their primary coverage as soon as they are eligible. The OPEB Plan does not issue a stand-alone report, and is not included in the report of a public employee retirement system or other entity.

#### **Funding Policy**

Plan contribution requirements of the District and OPEB Plan members are established and may be amended through recommendations of the Insurance Committee and action from the Board. The District has not advance-funded or established a funding methodology for the annual OPEB costs or the net OPEB obligation, and the OPEB Plan is financed on a pay-asyou-go basis. For the 2013-2014 fiscal year, retirees and eligible dependents received postemployment health care benefits. The District provided required contributions of \$481,302 toward the annual OPEB cost, comprised of benefit payments made on behalf of retirees for claims expenses (net of reinsurance), administrative expenses, and reinsurance premiums, and net of retiree contributions totaling \$722,775.

#### **Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation**

The District's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with parameters of GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the OPEB Plan, and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation:

(Continued)

#### Note 16 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

#### Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation (Concluded)

	June 30,
Description	2014
Normal Cost (Service Cost for One Year)	\$ 1,232,465
Amortization of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	489,423
Interest on Normal Cost and Amortization	68,876
Annual Required Contribution	1,790,764
Interest on Net OPEB Obligation	77,596
(Less Amortization of Net OPEB Obligation)	(69,283)
Annual OPEB Cost (Expense)	1,799,077
Contribution Toward the OPEB Cost	(481,302)
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation	1,317,775
Net OPEB Obligation, Beginning of Year	1,939,904
Net OPEB Obligation, End of Year	\$ 3,257,679

The District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation as of June 30, 2014, and the two preceding years, was as follows:

	Percentage of					
	Annual		Annual		Net	
Fiscal Year Ending		OPEB	OPEB Cost		OPEB	
<b>June 30</b>		Cost	Contributed		Obligation	
2012	\$	1,239,977	107.7%	\$	945,950	
2013		1,688,054	35.5%		2,034,065	
2014		1,799,077	40.2%		3,257,679	

#### **Funded Status and Funding Progress**

As of June 30, 2014, the most recent valuation date, the actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$13,065,110 and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability of \$13,065,110. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active participating employees) was \$129,724,330 for the 2013-2014 fiscal year, and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the covered payroll was 10.1 percent.

#### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing OPEB Plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment and termination, mortality, and the healthcare cost trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The required schedule of funding progress immediately following the notes to financial statements presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of OPEB Plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

(Continued)

#### Note 16 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Concluded)

#### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Concluded)**

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive OPEB Plan provisions, as understood by the employer and participating members, and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and participating members. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The District's OPEB actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, used the entry age normal cost actuarial method to estimate the unfunded actuarial liability and to determine the annual required contribution. Because the OPEB liability is currently unfunded, the actuarial assumptions included a 4 percent rate of return on invested assets, which is the District's long-term expectation of investment returns under its investment policy. The actuarial assumptions also included a payroll growth rate of 3.5 percent per year, and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 8.5 percent initially, reduced each year, to an ultimate rate of 5.0 percent for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability and gains/losses are being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2014, was 23 years.

#### Note 17 - CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS AND OTHER SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

#### **Encumbrances**

Appropriations in governmental funds are encumbered upon issuance of purchase orders for goods and services. Even though appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year, unfilled purchase orders of the current year are carried forward and the next year's appropriations are likewise encumbered.

The following is a schedule of encumbrances at June 30, 2014:

	Encumbrance
Fund	Amount
General	\$ 1,091,758.12
Food Service	187,932.56
Other Federal Programs	259,644.05
Local Capital Improvement	1,834,872.37
Other Capital Projects	282,121.97
Total	<u>\$ 3,656,329.07</u>

(Continued)

### Note 17 - <u>CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS AND OTHER SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS</u> (Concluded)

#### **Encumbrances** (Concluded)

The following is a summary of major construction contract commitments remaining at fiscal year-end:

Project	Contract Amount		Completed to Date		Balance Committed	
Roof Replacement and Renovatin Projects - Keystone						
McRae, and Tynes Elementary Schools						
Architect	\$	36,497.52	\$	32,511.13	\$ 3,986.39	
General Contractor		613,331.74		183,238.27	430,093.47	
Direct Materials		230,749.72		128,900.09	101,849.63	
Career and Tech Education Building Renovation - Keystone Heights High School						
Architect		29,940.00		27,844.20	2,095.80	
General Contractor		345,733.92		247,741.99	97,991.93	
Direct Materials		153,266.08		77,620.11	75,645.97	
Cafeteria Expansion - Middleburg Elementary						
Architect		74,970.00		63,162.23	11,807.77	
General Contractor		1,040,484.41		650,081.00	390,403.41	
Direct Materials		209,015.59		164,479.20	 44,536.39	
Total	\$	2,733,988.98	\$	1,575,578.22	\$ 1,158,410.76	

#### Note 18 - RISK MANAGEMENT PROGRAMS

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Workers' compensation, automobile liability, general liability, and property loss coverages are being provided on a self-insured basis up to specified limits. The District has entered into agreements with various insurance companies to provide specific excess coverage of claim amounts above the stated amount on an individual claim basis, and aggregate excess coverage when total claims minus specific excess coverage exceeds the loss fund established annually by the District. The District has contracted with an insurance administrator to administer these self-insurance programs, including the processing, investigating, and payment of claims.

Settled claims resulting from the risks described above have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District's liability is limited to \$100,000 per claim and \$200,000 per occurrence for automobile liability, general liability, and property loss coverages. The District's liability for workers' compensation is limited from \$125,000 to \$325,000 per occurrence, depending on the year of occurrence.

A liability in the amount of \$1,277,396 was actuarially determined to cover estimated incurred, but not reported, insurance claims payable at June 30, 2014.

JUNE 30, 2014 (Concluded)

#### Note 18 - RISK MANAGEMENT PROGRAMS (Concluded)

The following schedule represents the changes in claims liability for the past two fiscal years for the District's self-insurance program:

		(	Current Year		
	Beginning		Claims and		
	Fiscal		Changes in		Balance at
Fiscal	Year		Estimated	Claims	Fiscal
Year	<b>Liability</b>		Liability	 Payments	Year-end
2012-13	\$1,488,717.00	\$	1,364,979.09	\$ (1,481,288.09)	\$ 1,372,408.00
2013-14	1,372,408.00		617,462.49	(712,474.49)	1,277,396.00

Health and hospitalization coverage and other coverages deemed necessary by the Board were provided through purchased commercial insurance with minimum deductibles for each line of coverage.



#### CLAY COUNTY DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL AND MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	General Fund						
		Amounts	Actual	Variance with			
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget			
Revenues							
Intergovernmental:							
Federal Direct	\$ 920,000.00	\$ 820,000.00	\$ 760,124.92	\$ (59,875.08)			
Federal Through State and Local	1,085,543.72	1,490,801.27	1,625,014.01	134,212.74			
State	183,670,163.13	184,172,698.13	184,249,198.13	76,500.00			
Local:							
Property Taxes	53,878,426.00	53,216,367.00	51,924,535.63	(1,291,831.37)			
Miscellaneous	2,512,764.22	2,686,802.91	2,165,290.19	(521,512.72)			
Total Revenues	242,066,897.07	242,386,669.31	240,724,162.88	(1,662,506.43)			
Expenditures							
Current - Education:							
Instruction	164,723,141.00	171,754,177.68	163,222,714.85	8,531,462.83			
Student Personnel Services	12,306,461.93	13,426,948.98	13,232,833.60	194,115.38			
Instructional Media Services	3,778,991.48	4,155,449.00	4,056,703.96	98,745.04			
Instruction and Curriculum							
Development Services	3,966,896.27	3,856,569.93	3,798,130.73	58,439.20			
<b>Instructional Staff Training Services</b>	678,062.93	2,349,101.99	2,211,059.68	138,042.31			
Instruction-related Technology	2,337,347.40	2,666,629.68	2,609,814.63	56,815.05			
School Board	1,816,251.01	1,566,878.96	1,078,961.43	487,917.53			
General Administration	841,581.95	817,657.62	817,503.74	153.88			
School Administration	14,192,793.21	14,908,517.80	14,792,654.26	115,863.54			
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	1,038,759.58	1,337,343.84	1,048,067.05	289,276.79			
Fiscal Services	814,453.98	735,292.97	672,065.18	63,227.79			
Food Services	1,748.43	49,780.61	49,317.96	462.65			
Central Services	3,561,554.14	3,374,068.84	3,087,280.48	286,788.36			
Student Transportation Services	10,321,397.53	11,549,912.21	10,667,669.40	882,242.81			
Operation of Plant	18,775,623.23	18,159,119.98	18,073,974.55	85,145.43			
Maintenance of Plant	5,329,031.56	5,471,482.12	5,270,797.00	200,685.12			
Administrative Technology Services	1,858,353.89	1,837,584.79	1,778,101.87	59,482.92			
Community Services	485,157.23	453,833.74	306,848.33	146,985.41			
Fixed Capital Outlay:							
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	122,868.65	562,328.65	238,104.65	324,224.00			
Other Capital Outlay	1,006,482.37	1,099,406.90	289,342.57	810,064.33			
Debt Service:							
Principal	0.00	2,367.81	2,367.81	0.00			
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0.00	155.69	155.69	0.00			
(Total Expenditures)	247,956,957.77	260,134,609.79	247,304,469.42	12,830,140.37			
(Deficiency) of Revenues (Under) Expenditures	(5,890,060.70)	(17,747,940.48)	(6,580,306.54)	11,167,633.94			
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-						
Transfers in	5,776,128.02	5,776,128.02	6,576,128.02	800,000.00			
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	183,872.00	183,872.00	160,400.87	(23,471.13)			
Insurance Loss Recoveries	40,000.00	40,000.00	5,329.46	(34,670.54)			
Capital Lease	0.00	0.00	17,553.65	17,553.65			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	6,000,000.02	6,000,000.02	6,759,412.00	759,411.98			
Net Change in Fund Balances	109,939.32	(11,747,940.46)	179,105.46	11,927,045.92			
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	7,294,052.56	7,294,052.56	7,294,052.57	0.01			
Increase (Decrease) in Inventory Reserve	0.00	(135,590.00)	(135,590.00)	0.00			
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 7,403,991.88	\$ (4,589,477.90)	\$ 7,337,568.03	\$ 11,927,045.93			
- unu zummeen, mas er 1 em	Ψ 1,403,331.00	Ψ (4,505,471.70)	Ψ 1,331,300.03	Ψ 11,721,043.93			

#### CLAY COUNTY DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL AND MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

(Continued)

Food	Service	Fund
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	Rudae	eted Amounts	Actual	Variance with	
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget	
Revenues	- 8				
Intergovernmental:					
Federal Through State and Local	\$ 8,439,446.0	00 \$ 8,439,446.00	\$ 8,524,759.48	\$ 85,313.48	
State	137,000.0	00 137,000.00	135,391.00	(1,609.00)	
Local:					
Charges for Services - Food Service	6,252,421.0	00 6,252,421.00	5,991,429.91	(260,991.09)	
Miscellaneous	10,500.0	00 10,500.00	9,900.77	(599.23)	
<b>Total Revenues</b>	14,839,367.0	00 14,839,367.00	14,661,481.16	(177,885.84)	
Expenditures Current - Education:					
Food Services	14,440,016.6	59 14,614,756.99	14,386,019.33	228,737.66	
Fixed Capital Outlay:	, .,.	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, ,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Other Capital Outlay	797,696.8	35 472,744.25	446,298.62	26,445.63	
(Total Expenditures)	15,237,713.5	15,087,501.24	14,832,317.95	255,183.29	
(Deficiency) of Revenues (Under)					
Expenditures	(398,346.5	(248,134.24)	(170,836.79)	77,297.45	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(398,346.5		(170,836.79)	77,297.45	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	4,350,751.9		4,332,225.25	(18,526.70)	
Increase in Inventory Reserve	0.0		(12,521.33)	(12,521.33)	
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 3,952,405.4	\$ 4,102,617.71	\$ 4,148,867.13	\$ 46,249.42	

#### CLAY COUNTY DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL AND MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

(Concluded)

	Special Revenue - Federal Economic Stimulus Fund				nd			
	<b>Budgeted Amounts</b>			Actual		Variance with		
		Original		Final		Amounts	Fi	nal Budget
Revenues								
Intergovernmental:								
Federal Through State and Local	\$	190,104.56	\$	254,921.96	\$	157,636.77	\$	(97,285.19)
<b>Total Revenues</b>		190,104.56		254,921.96		157,636.77		(97,285.19)
Expenditures Current - Education: Instruction and Curriculum Development Services Instructional Staff Training Services Instruction-related Technology Administrative Technology Services (Total Expenditures)		68,784.06 97,690.00 6,613.82 17,016.68 190,104.56		0.00 162,621.22 92,300.74 0.00 254,921.96		0.00 65,336.03 92,300.74 0.00 157,636.77		0.00 97,285.19 0.00 0.00 97,285.19
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		0.00		0.00		0.00		0.00
Net Change in Fund Balances Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		0.00		0.00		0.00		0.00
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	0.00	\$	0.00	\$	0.00	\$	0.00

#### CLAY COUNTY DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN JUNE 30, 2014

Actuarial Accrued

Actuarial Valuation Date	V	tuarial Value Assets (a)	Liability (AAL) Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll [(b-a)/c]
June 30, 2012	\$	0.00	\$8,628,473.00	\$ 8,628,473.00	0.0%	\$ 122,134,018.00	7.1%
,		0.00	11 077 202 00	11.055.000.00	0.00/	127 (22 502 00	0.407
June 30, 2013		0.00	11,977,383.00	11,977,383.00	0.0%	127,623,503.00	9.4%

The June 30, 2014, unfunded actuarial accrued liability of \$13,065,110 was significantly higher than the June 30, 2012, liability of \$8,628,473, as a result of changes in cost and liability as a result of the following factors:

The number of active and retired participants increased.

Future medical trend has been changed to reflect current conditions.

Decrements were updated to reflect current retirement and termination rates used by the Florida Retirement System.

Mortality was updated to a generational table.

#### CLAY COUNTY DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2014

#### **BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING**

Budgets are prepared using the same modified accrual basis as is used to account for governmental funds except no appropriation is made for capital leases in the year of inception.

ADDITIONAL ELEMENTS OF REPORTS PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS, ISSUED BY THE COMPTROLLER GENERAL OF THE UNITED STATES; THE PROVISIONS OF OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET (OMB) CIRCULAR 133; AND THE RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

#### CLAY COUNTY DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number	Pass- Through Grantor Number	Amount of Expenditures
United States Department of Agriculture	110000	110111001	2poilaitai es
Indirect:			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
Florida Department of Education:			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	321	\$ 1,450,455.79
National School Lunch Program	10.555 (2) (A)	300	6,998,461.22
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	323	75,842.47
<b>Total United States Department of Agriculture</b>			8,524,759.48
United States Department of Labor			
Indirect:			
First Coast Workforce Development, Inc.:			
WIA Youth Activities	17.259	FCWD 2014-05	72,660.38
<b>United States General Services Administration</b> Indirect:			
Florida Department of Management Services:			
Donation of Federal Surplus Personal Property	39.003 (2)(B)	None	838.34
<b>United States Department of Education</b>			
Direct:			
Impact Aid	84.041	None	435,678.79
Indirect:			
Special Education Cluster:			
Florida Department of Education:			
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	262, 263	7,587,436.03
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	267	168,537.00
Duval County District School Board:			
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	48447, 48471	1,851.23
University of South Florida:			
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	1725102100	292.82
Total Special Education Cluster			7,758,117.08
Florida Department of Education:			
Adult Education - Basic Grants to States	84.002	191, 193	240,981.00
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	212, 226	4,482,938.22
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	161	185,792.34
Education for Homeless Children and Youth	84.196	127	71,459.38
English Language Acquisition Grants	84.365	102	40,427.30
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	224	824,206.65
ARRA - State Fiscal Stabilization Funds (SFSF) -	0.4.20.7	RD211, RG311,	155
Race-to-the-Top Incentive Grants, Recovery Act	84.395	RG411, RL111	157,636.77
Total Indirect Total United States Department of Education			13,761,558.74
<b>Total United States Department of Education</b>			14,197,237.53

#### CLAY COUNTY DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

(Concluded)

	Catalog of Federal	Pass-	
	Domestic	Through	
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program	Assistance	Grantor	Amount of
Title	Number	Number	Expenditures
United States Department of Health and Human Services Indirect:			
First Coast Workforce Development, Inc.:			
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	FCWD 2014-05	\$ 72,660.38
United States Department of Defense Direct: Competitive Grants: Promoting K-12 Student			
Achievement at Military-Connected Schools	12.556	HE 1254-11-1-0034 HE 1254-12-1-0035 HE 1254-13-1-0022	895,753.73
Navy Junior Reserve Officers Training Corps	None	N/A	394,106.13
<b>Total United States Department of Defense</b>			1,289,859.86
<b>Total Expenditures of Federal Awards</b>			\$ 24,158,015.97

Notes:

#### **Basis of Presentation:**

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards represents amounts expended from Federal programs during the fiscal year as determined based on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The amounts reported on the Schedule have been reconciled to and are in material agreement with amounts recorded in the District's accounting records from which the basic financial statements have been reported.

#### Noncash Assistance:

- (A) <u>National School Lunch Program</u> Includes \$868,506.50 of donated food received during the fiscal year. Donated foods are valued at fair value as determined at the time of donation.
- (B) <u>Donation of Federal Surplus Personal Property</u> Represents 23.3 percent of the original acquisition cost of donated Federal surplus personal property obtained during the 2013-2014 fiscal year.



# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Clay County District School Board and Superintendent Green Cove Springs, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Clay County District School Board (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 31, 2015.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Certified Public Accountants**

Clay County District School Board and Superintendent Green Cove Springs, Florida

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS (Concluded)

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's basic financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of the audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

March 31, 2015

Gainesville, Florida

Tunis, Gray and Company, LLP



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Clay County District School Board and Superintendent Green Cove Springs, Florida

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Clay County District School Board's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Circular A-133, *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

#### **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance.

#### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014.

#### **Certified Public Accountants**

Clay County District School Board and Superintendent Green Cove Springs, Florida

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

(Concluded)

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

March 31, 2015 Gainesville, Florida

Tunio, Gray and Company, LLP

# CLAY COUNTY DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD - GREEN COVE SPRINGS, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

#### SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

**Financial Statements** 

Type of Auditors' Report Issued:

Unmodified

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are

not considered to be material weakness(es)?

None reported

Noncompliance material to financial

statements noted?

**Federal Awards** 

Internal Control Over Major Programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are

not considered to be material weakness(es)?

None reported

Type of Auditors' Report Issued on Compliance for

Major Programs: Unmodified for all major programs

Any Audit Findings Disclosed that are Required to be Reported in Accordance with Section .510(a)

of OMB Circular A-133?

Identification of Major Programs: Title I Grants to Local Educational

Agencies

(CFDA No. 84.010)

Special Education Cluster (CFDA Nos. 84.173, 84.027)

ARRA - State Fiscal Stabilization Fund (SFSF) - Race-to-the-Top Incentive

Grants, Recovery Act (CFDA No. 84.395-ARRA)

Achievement at Military-Connected

Schools

(CFDA No. 12.556)

Dollar Threshold Used to Distinguish Between

Type A and Type B Programs: \$724,740

Auditee Qualified as Low-risk Auditee? No

# CLAY COUNTY DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD - GREEN COVE SPRINGS, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133 (Concluded)

#### SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

No matters were reported.

#### SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.

#### SECTION IV – STATUS OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

See Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings.

#### SECTION V - CORRECTIVE ACTION PLANNED FOR CURRENT YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

There are no current year audit findings included in the current year schedule of findings and questioned costs.

# CLAY COUNTY DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD - GREEN COVE SPRINGS, FLORIDA SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

#### 1. Status of Prior Audit Findings

Prior Federal Award Finding No. 2013-1 (2013 Audit)

**Program:** Promoting K-12 Student Achievement at Military-Connected Schools (CFDA

No. 12.556)

Brief Description: Based upon testing of employee salaries charged to Promoting K-12 Student

Achievement at Military-Connected Schools it was determined that employee salaries and benefits of \$102,973.07 were incorrectly charged to this program.

Current Status: The District restored the \$102,973.07 to this program. No similar finding was

noted in the current year audit.

Prior Federal Award Finding No. 2013-2 (2013 Audit)

**Program:** Special Education Cluster (CFDA Nos. 84.027 and 84.173)

Brief Description: Based upon testing of employee salaries charged to the Special Education

Program it was determined that net salaries and benefits of \$50,364.37 were

incorrectly charged to this program.

Current Status: The District restored the \$50,364.37 to this program. No similar finding was

noted in the current year audit.



## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES

Clay County District School Board and Superintendent Green Cove Springs, Florida

#### **Report on Compliance**

We have examined Clay County District School Board's (the District) compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, as required by Section 10.806(2)(c), *Rules of the Auditor General*.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for the District's compliance with those requirements.

#### **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our examination. Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with specified requirements.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended June 30, 2014.

#### **Purpose of this Letter**

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Superintendent, Board Members of the District, and management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Tuwis, Gray and Company, LLP March 31, 2015 Gainesville, Florida

**Certified Public Accountants** 



#### MANAGEMENT LETTER

Clay County District School Board and Superintendent Green Cove Springs, Florida

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the financial statements of the Clay County District School Board (the District), as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, and have issued our report thereon dated, March 31, 2015.

#### **Auditors' Responsibility**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*; and Chapter 10.800, *Rules of the Auditor General*.

#### **Other Reporting Requirements**

We have issued our independent auditors' report on internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and other matters based on an audit of the financial statements performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, independent auditors' report on compliance for each major program and on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, and schedule of findings and questioned costs. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated, March 31, 2015, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

#### **Prior Audit Findings**

Section 10.804(1)(f)1., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. Corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report, except as noted below:

Tabulation of Uncorrected Audit Findings				
Current Year Finding #	2012-2013 FY Finding #	2011-2012 FY Finding #		
2014-1	2013-3	N/A		

#### **Financial Condition**

Section 10.804(1)(f)2., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires a statement to be included as to whether or not the District School Board has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific conditions met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the District did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

#### **Certified Public Accountants**

Clay County District School Board and Superintendent Green Cove Springs, Florida

## MANAGEMENT LETTER (Concluded)

#### **Financial Condition (***Concluded***)**

Pursuant to Sections 10.804(1)(f)5.a. and 10.805(6), *Rules of the Auditor General*, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the District. It is management's responsibility to monitor the District's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representation made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

#### **Transparency**

Section 10.804(1)(f)6., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires the auditor to state whether or not the District School Board complied with transparency requirements (Section 1011.035, Florida Statutes, provides that district school boards include a plain language version of each proposed, tentative, and official budget that describes each budget item in terms that are easily understandable to the public). In connection with our audit, we determined that the District complied with transparency requirements.

#### **Other Matters**

Section 10.804(1)(f)3., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management. See our attached management letter comments.

Section 10.804(1)(f)4., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we address noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

#### **Purpose of this Letter**

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Superintendent, Board Members of the District, and management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

March 31, 2015

Gainesville, Florida

Tunis, Gray and Company, LLP



#### MANAGEMENT LETTER COMMENTS

Clay County District School Board and Superintendent Green Cove Springs, Florida

During the course of our 2014 audit, the following items came to our attention. These items involve primarily operational matters, which, if improved, will result in more efficient and effective operations.

#### 2014-1—Fund Balance Adequacy

Fund Balance is the difference between the total assets and total liabilities of a government fund and represents the working capital reserves of the fund that are used to bridge cash flow needs prior to the distributions of ad valorem taxes which begin in November of each year and provide for unforeseen emergencies, etc.

Florida Statute 1011.051 contains language that requires notification by the Superintendent to the District School Board and the Commissioner of Education if at any time assigned and unassigned fund balance is expected to fall below 3% of projected general fund revenues. If it is expected to fall below 2%, additional notification and possible direct state oversight of District operations under the Financial Emergency Statute are possible.

Our review of the District's audited financial statements indicates that the total fund balance of the General Fund has dropped from a high as of June 30, 2008, of approximately \$31.8 million to approximately \$7.3 million as of June 30, 2014, reflecting the use of fund balance reserves to balance the budget during recent revenue declines. The assigned and unassigned portion of the 2014 fund balance is approximately \$5.39 million or 2.24% of general fund's revenues, leaving less than a .24% or a \$577 thousand buffer before reaching the statutorily defined 2.0% rate at which undesirable events may occur.

During the 2014 year, the General Fund experienced a slight increase in fund balance of approximately \$179 thousand. While this is an improvement, it is not sufficient to replenish fund balance to the required 3%. Accordingly, we recommend that the District continue its effort to monitor and rebuild its General Fund balance levels to provide a more substantial buffer to handle emergencies and avoid potential state intrusion into operations.

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Audit Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, and applicable management and is not intended to be, and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

March 31, 2015 Gainesville, Florida

Tunis, Gray and Company, LLP

#### **Certified Public Accountants**

# Charlie Van Zant Superintendent of Schools

#### SCHOOL DISTRICT OF CLAY COUNTY

#### 900 Walnut Street Green Cove Springs, Florida 32043 Telephones: 904/284-6500 (GCS) 904/272-8100 (OP) 1-888-663-2529 (KH)

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#### **BOARD MEMBERS:**

Janice Kerekes
District 1
Carol Studdard
District 2
Tina Bullock
District 3
Johnna McKinnon
District 4
Lisa Graham
District 5

March 31, 2015

Purvis Gray and Company, LLP P.O. Box 141270 Gainesville, Florida 32614

Please accept the following written response to the management letter comment for fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. Please note that corrective measures have been taken to incorporate processes to prevent a repeat of this audit finding.

#### Finding 2014-1 Fund Balance Adequacy

Fund Balance is the difference between the total assets and total liabilities of a government fund and represents the working capital reserves of the fund that are used to bridge cash flow needs prior to the distributions of ad valorem taxes which begin in November of each year and provide for unforeseen emergencies, etc.

Florida Statute 1011.051 contains language that requires notification by the Superintendent to the District School Board and the Commissioner of Education if at any time assigned and unassigned fund balance is expected to fall below 3% of projected general fund revenues. If it is expected to fall below 2%, additional notification and possible direct state oversight of the district operations under the Financial Emergency Statute are possible.

During the 2014 year, the General Fund experienced a slight increase in fund balance of approximately \$179 thousand. While this is an improvement, it is not sufficient to replenish fund balance to the required 3%.

#### Recommendation:

The District continue its effort to monitor and rebuild the General Fund balance levels to provide a more substantial buffer to handle emergencies and avoid potential state intrusion into its operations.

<u>District Response</u>: Ongoing commitment is pledged by the School District of Clay County to rebuild the General Fund balance at the appropriate threshold percent by keeping expenditures within available resources and setting aside a reserve to gradually progress toward the 3 percent goal.

I would like to express our appreciation for the manner in which the audit was conducted. Your staff conducted themselves in a professional manner throughout the audit and has been helpful in identifying and discussing the areas addressed in the audit.

Respectfully submitted,

Busan M. Legutko

Susan M. Legutko Assistant Superintendent Business Affairs

Cc: Mr. Charles E. Van Zant, Jr., Superintendent Mrs. Denise Adams, Deputy Superintendent Mrs. Sonya Findley, Director Finance